

٤٩٧٩ : الرقم : ١٥/٢٠١٧/١  
١٤٣٨ ذو القعدة : التاريخ : ٦  
٢٠١٧ تموز : الموافق : ٣٠

١- موارده عدداً  
٢- دينه موزع  
٣- مصروف  
٤- مصروف  
٥- مصروف



لضمان القروض م.ع.م.  
شركة الاعمال الصغيرة الاردنية

## عطوفة رئيس هيئة الاوراق المالية الامر

هيئة الأوراق المالية  
الدائرة الإدارية / الدليلان

الموضوع: التقرير نصف السنوي لعام ٢٠١٧

٣٠ سبتمبر ٢٠١٧

الرقم المترتب ..... ٣٠١٥٥١٣١  
الجهة المختصة ..... ٢٣١ ..... اتحاد طبا  
التجهيز طيبة وبعد

اشارة الى تعليمات افصاح الشركات المصدرة والمعايير المحاسبية ومعايير التدقیق لسنة ٢٠٠٨ ، الصادرة عن مجلس مفوضي هيئة الاوراق المالية ، وتطبيقا لاحكام المادة (٢-٤٣) من قانون الاوراق المالية التي توجب على مصدري الاوراق المالية ان يقدموا الى هيئة الاوراق المالية تقاريرهم الدورية .

تجدون طيبا ما يلي :

١. نسخة من البيانات المالية للشركة الاردنية لضمان القروض كما في ٣٠ حزيران ٢٠١٧ باللغتين العربية والانجليزية ، بالإضافة الى نسخة من هذه البيانات على القرص المدمج المرفق (CD) .
٢. نسخة من البيانات المالية للشركة كما في ٣١ آذار ٢٠١٧ باللغة الانجليزية .
٣. ملخص موجز عن اهم نشاطات وانجازات الشركة خلال النصف الاول من العام الحالي .
٤. صورة عن نشر البيانات المالية للشركة الاردنية لضمان القروض كما في ٢٠١٧/٦/٣٠ في جريدة الغد الصادرة بتاريخ ٢٠١٧/٧/٣٠ في الصفحة رقم ٢٣ من العدد ٤٦٥٩ .

ص.ب ٨٣٠٧٠٣  
عمان ١١١٨٣ الاردن  
هاتف ٥٦٢٥٤٠٠  
فاكس ٥٦٢٥٤٠٨

P.O.Box 830703  
Amman 11183  
Jordan  
Tel. 5625400  
Fax: 5625408  
E-mail : mail@jlgc.com  
Website: www.jlgc.com



-٢-

لخدمات القروض م.ع.م  
شركة الاعمال الصغيرة الاردنية صورة عن نشر الملخص الموجز في الصحف التالية ، علماً بأن النشر تم بتاريخ  
٢٠١٧/٧/٣٠

أ) جريدة الرأي في الصفحة رقم ٢٩ من العدد ١٧٠٤٢ .

ب) جريدة الغد في الصفحة رقم ١٣ من العدد ٤٦٥٩ .

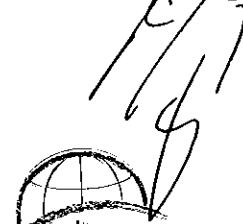
وتفضلاً بقبول فائق الاحترام ،،،

السيد عيسى الطرايرة

السيدة ريماء الحاج

مدير الدائرة المالية

رئيس قسم المالية



لخدمات القروض م.ع.م  
شركة الاعمال الصغيرة الاردنية

مرفق

ص.ب ٨٣٠٧٠٣  
عمان ١١١٨٣ الأردن  
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## **النتائج التشغيلية للشركة الأردنية لضمان القروض**

### **تعكس أثر مبادرات البنك المركزي ضمن توصيات مجلس السياسات الاقتصادية**

حققت الشركة الأردنية لضمان القروض قفزة واضحة في ايراداتها خلال النصف الاول من عام ٢٠١٧ حيث وصلت الى ١,٤ مليون دينار مقارنة بـ ٠,٨٥ مليون دينار خلال النصف الاول من عام ٢٠١٦ وبنسبة نمو مقدارها ٦٤%. وقد بلغت الايرادات التشغيلية ٦٦٧ ألف دينار مقابل ٥١٩ ألف دينار خلال النصف الاول من عام ٢٠١٦ ، فيما بلغت الايرادات الاستثمارية ٧١٤ الف دينار بالمقارنة مع ٣١٧ الف دينار خلال الفترة ذاتها من عام ٢٠١٦.

وحققت الشركة خلال النصف الاول من العام الحالي أرباحا صافية قبل الضريبة مقدارها ٤٢٣ ألف دينار مقابل ٢٦٣ الف دينار خلال النصف الاول من عام ٢٠١٦ وبنسبة نمو مقدارها ٦١%، في حين بلغ مجموع موجودات الشركة ١٤٥,٣ مليون دينار في نهاية النصف الاول من هذا العام مقارنة بـ ٧٢,٤ مليون دينار مع نهاية عام ٢٠١٦. أما حقوق المساهمين فقد بلغت ٣٣,٩ مليون دينار مقارنة بـ ٣٣,٥ مليون دينار في نهاية عام ٢٠١٦. وعلى الجانب الآخر، بلغ حجم التعويضات التي قامت الشركة بدفعها خلال تلك الفترة ٣٨٠ ألف دينار مقابل ٣٩٠ ألف دينار خلال الفترة المماثلة من العام الماضي وبانخفاض نسبته ٢,٥%، علما بأنه تم استرداد ما مجموعه ٢٦١ ألف دينار (أي ما نسبته ٦٩% من أصل تلك التعويضات).

وفي تعليقه على نتائج أعمال الشركة، صرح المدير العام للشركة الدكتور محمد الجعفري أن الشركة ماضية في تنفيذ برامجها الطموحة، وتحقيق غالياتها التأسيسية وأهداف برامجها المؤسسية، بالرغم من الظروف الاقتصادية والسياسية الصعبة التي تمر بها المنطقة والتي أثرت سلباً على المملكة. يأتي ذلك، مع الالتزام بنفس الوقت بالدور التنموي الهام الذي يتطلع به الشركة في خدمة الاقتصاد الوطني برعاية ودعم من البنك المركزي وانسجاماً مع توصيات مجلس السياسات الاقتصادية والسياسة العامة للدولة.

وبين الدكتور الجعفري أن الشركة الأردنية لضمان القروض قدمت خلال النصف الاول من عام ٢٠١٧ ضمانات إقراضية لـ ١٠٢٥ قرضاً للمشروعات الصغيرة والمتوسطة بلغت قيمتها الاسمية حوالي ٥٤ مليون دينار، مقابل ٦٠٨ قرض مضمون خلال النصف الاول من عام ٢٠١٦ بلغ مجموعها ٣٣ مليون دينار وبنسبة نمو حوالي ٦٤%. كما قامت الشركة بمنح الضمان لـ ٣٠٠ شحنة تصديرية بقيمة حوالي ٢٠ مليون دينار

و ١٢٦ شحنة مبيعات محلية بقيمة حوالي مليوني دينار أي ما مجموعه ٤٢٦ شحنة بقيمة اجمالية تجاوزت الـ ٢٢ مليون دينار مقارنة بـ ٣١٤ شحنة خلال النصف الاول من عام ٢٠١٦ والتي بلغت أحجامها نفس القيمة تقريباً . علماً بأن العمل بتوسيع نطاق تغطية ضمان ائتمان الصادرات بدأ خلال الربع الثاني من هذا العام وبعد تحويل مبلغ ٧٢ مليون دينار أردني للشركة من أصل ١٠٠ مليون دينار خصصها البنك المركزي لرفع القدرة التأمينية لل الصادرات الوطنية من خلال برنامج ضمان ائتمان الصادرات الذي تديره الشركة منذ عام ١٩٩٩ .

وأوضح الدكتور العجيري أن الشركة ماضية في أداء دورها التنموي إنفاذاً للتوصيات مجلس السياسات الاقتصادية، والتي من أهمها زيادة حجم البرنامج المخصص لضمان القروض الناشئة من ٥٠ مليون دينار ليصل إلى ١٠٠ مليون دينار بدعم من البنك المركزي . ويعمل البرنامج على ضمان الائتمان الممنوح للشركات الناشئة، ويبلغ ضمان يصل إلى ١٠٠ ألف دينار للمشروع الواحد، والمخصص لدعم المشاريع الانتاجية في القطاعات المختلفة، مع اعطاء الاولوية للمشاريع الريادية والمشاريع خارج العاصمة، بالإضافة للمشاريع المدارة من قبل السيدات. علماً بأن عدد القروض المنوحة ضمن هذا البرنامج بلغ ٥٤ قرضاً من أصل ٧٥ قرضاً استهدفتها البرنامج تحقيقها خلال العام الحالي ٢٠١٧ .

كما أوضح الدكتور العجيري أن الشركة الاردنية لضمان القروض بقصد استكمال الاجراءات النهائية لتأسيس شركة الصندوق الاردني للريادة برأس المال ٩٨ مليون دولار أمريكي بمساهمة ٥٠ مليون دولار من البنك الدولي للإنشاء والتعمير و ٤٨ مليون دولار من البنك المركزي الاردني . ويهدف الصندوق الى المساهمة المباشرة في المشاريع الريادية الابتكارية لمساعدتها على البدء بنشاطها وتنمية أعمالها لتعزيز فرص نجاحها ووفق مفهوم رأس المال المبادر (Venture Capital). كما تسعى الشركة الى رفع سقف الضمان لبرنامج التمويل الصناعي والخدمات من ٥٥٠ ألف دينار الى مليون دينار للمشروع الواحد بالتنسيق مع وزارة التخطيط والتعاون الدولي لتأمين مبلغ ١٠ مليون دينار من الدول المانحة من أجل تغطية هذه الزيادة.

**Jordan Loan Guarantee Corp.  
Public Shareholding Company**

**Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Not Audited)**  
**30 June 2017**

**Arab Professionals**  
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**Jordan Loan Guarantee Corp.  
Public Shareholding Company**

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**Contents**

	<u>Page</u>
- Report on review of condensed interim financial statements	2
- Interim statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017	3
- Interim statement of profit or loss for the six months ended at 30 June 2017	4
- Interim statement of comprehensive income for the six months ended at 30 June 2017	5
- Interim statement of changes in equity for the six months ended at 30 June 2017	6
- Interim statement of cash flows for the six months ended at 30 June 2017	7
- Notes to the condensed interim financial statements	8 - 15

**Report on Review of Condensed Interim Financial Statements**

To The Board of Directors  
Jordan Loan Guarantee Corp.  
Public Shareholding Company  
Amman - Jordan

**Introduction**

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim financial statements of Jordan Loan Guarantee Corp, comprising the interim statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017 and the related interim statement of profit or loss, interim statement of comprehensive income, interim statement of changes in equity and interim statement of cash flows for the six-months period then ended and the notes about condensed interim financial statements. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed interim financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard number (34) "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed interim financial statements based on our review.

**Scope of Review**

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements (2410) "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A review of condensed interim financial statement consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

**Conclusion**

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard number (34) "Interim Financial Reporting".

27 July 2017  
Amman - Jordan



Ibrahim Hammoudeh

(License No. 606)  
Arab Professionals



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Grant Thornton

**Jordan Loan Guarantee Corp.  
Public Shareholding Company  
Interim Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2017**  
**(In Jordanian Dinar)**

	Notes	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents		28,399,259	26,556,420
Restricted bank deposits		23,778,962	23,274,359
Restricted financial assets measured at amortized cost		84,436,763	12,578,848
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		778,139	776,410
Financial assets measured at amortized cost		2,590,770	4,590,356
Receivables and other current assets		1,334,540	707,394
Deferred tax assets		791,370	763,344
Property and equipment		3,264,526	3,217,656
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>145,374,329</b>	<b>72,464,787</b>
<b>Liabilities and equity</b>			
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Provisions against loans guarantee	4	5,442,008	4,792,966
Central Bank of Jordan loan - industrial loans guarantees program		5,160,695	5,160,695
Central Bank of Jordan loan - export credit guarantees program		71,949,409	-
Payables and other current liabilities		1,123,540	1,077,591
Ministry of planning withholdings		1,248,500	1,248,500
Startup micro projects loans		26,498,958	26,498,958
Income tax provision		51,557	100,676
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>111,474,667</b>	<b>38,879,386</b>
<b>Equity</b>			
Paid in capital		29,080,310	29,080,310
Statutory reserve		1,526,945	1,526,945
Voluntary reserve		2,204,824	2,204,824
Fair value adjustments		111,258	109,615
Retained earnings		976,325	663,707
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>33,899,662</b>	<b>33,585,401</b>
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>		<b>145,374,329</b>	<b>72,464,787</b>

"The accompanying notes from (1) to (8) are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements and read with review report"

**Jordan Loan Guarantee Corp.  
Public Shareholding Company**  
**Interim Statement of Profit or Loss For the Six Months Ended at 30 June 2017**  
**(In Jordanian Dinar)**

	For the three months ended		For the six months ended	
	30 June 2017	30 June 2016	30 June 2017	30 June 2016
<b>Revenues</b>				
Interest income	300,769	75,895	549,921	152,168
Bonds interest income	44,122	52,953	117,088	108,054
Commissions on guaranteed loans	247,628	184,440	470,569	362,066
Commissions on guaranteed exports and domestic buyers	23,714	25,944	38,606	44,710
Commissions on guaranteed industrial loans and financial leasing	80,708	56,420	157,678	112,014
Dividends income	-	11,649	47,247	56,649
Other revenues	7,977	6,907	15,953	13,744
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>704,918</b>	<b>414,208</b>	<b>1,397,062</b>	<b>849,405</b>
<b>Deduct :</b>				
Administrative expenses	317,090	287,533	625,944	560,657
Provisions against loans guarantee	108,582	30,772	337,256	14,748
Provision against end of service indemnity	5,485	5,298	10,910	10,596
<b>Profit for the period before income tax</b>	<b>273,761</b>	<b>90,605</b>	<b>422,952</b>	<b>263,404</b>
Income tax for the period	( 62,828)	( 22,648)	( 110,334)	( 47,132)
<b>Profit for the period</b>	<b>210,933</b>	<b>67,957</b>	<b>312,618</b>	<b>216,272</b>
<b>Basic and diluted earnings per share</b>	<b>0.007</b>	<b>0.007</b>	<b>0.011</b>	<b>0.022</b>

"The accompanying notes from (1) to (8) are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements and read with review report"

**Jordan Loan Guarantee Corp.**  
**Public Shareholding Company**  
**Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Six Months Ended at 30 June 2017**  
**(In Jordanian Dinar)**

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	For the three months ended		For the six months ended	
	30 June 2017	30 June 2016	30 June 2017	30 June 2016
Profit for the period	210,933	67,957	312,618	216,272
Other comprehensive income:				
Changes in fair value of financial assets through other comprehensive income	-	( 1,478)	1,643	( 1,478)
Total comprehensive income for the period	<u>210,933</u>	<u>66,479</u>	<u>314,261</u>	<u>214,794</u>

"The accompanying notes from (1) to (8) are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements and read with review report"

**Jordan Loan Guarantee Corp.**  
**Public Shareholding Company**  
**Interim Statement of Changes in Equity For the Six Months Ended at 30 June 2017**  
**(In Jordanian Dinar)**

	Paid in capital	Reserves	Fair value adjustments	Retained earnings	Total
		Statutory	Voluntary		
<b>Balance at 1 January 2017</b>	29,080,310	1,526,945	2,204,824	109,615	663,707
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	1,643	312,618
<b>Balance at 30 June 2017</b>	<b>29,080,310</b>	<b>1,526,945</b>	<b>2,204,824</b>	<b>111,258</b>	<b>976,325</b>
					<b>33,899,662</b>
<b>Balance at 1 January 2016</b>	10,000,000	1,483,583	2,204,824	112,243	889,542
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	( 1,478)	216,272
Capital increase expenses	-	-	-	-	( 100,122)
Paid dividends	-	-	-	-	( 300,000)
<b>Balance at 30 June 2016</b>	<b>10,000,000</b>	<b>1,483,583</b>	<b>2,204,824</b>	<b>110,765</b>	<b>705,692</b>
					<b>14,504,864</b>

"The accompanying notes from (1) to (8) are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements and read with review report"

**Jordan Loan Guarantee Corp.  
Public Shareholding Company**  
**Interim Statement of Cash Flows For the Six Months Ended at 30 June 2017**

(In Jordanian Dinar)

	30 June 2017	30 June 2016
<b>Operating Activities</b>		
Profit for the period before income tax	422,952	263,404
Depreciation	49,129	46,054
Provision against end of service indemnity	10,910	10,596
Provision against loans guarantees	767,793	192,734
<b>Change in working capital</b>		
Receivables and other current assets	( 627,146)	( 98,011)
Payables and other current liabilities	35,039	148,757
Net payments for loans guarantee	( 118,751)	( 203,006)
Paid income tax	( 187,565)	( 15,400)
<b>Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities</b>	352,361	345,128
<b>Investing Activities</b>		
Property and equipment	( 95,999)	( 3,131)
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	1,999,586	( 746)
<b>Net Cash Flows From (Used in) Investing Activities</b>	1,903,587	( 3,877)
<b>Financing Activities</b>		
Central Bank of Jordan loan - export credit guarantees program	71,949,409	-
Restricted financial assets measured at amortized cost	( 71,857,915)	( 10,524,038)
Restricted Bank deposits	( 504,603)	( 14,102,555)
Capital increase expenses	-	( 100,122)
Paid dividends	-	( 300,000)
Startup micro projects loans	-	24,602,333
<b>Net Cash Flows Used in Financing Activities</b>	( 413,109)	( 424,382)
<b>Net change in cash and cash equivalents</b>	1,842,839	( 83,131)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year	26,556,420	8,733,702
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period</b>	28,399,259	8,650,571

"The accompanying notes from (1) to (8) are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements and read with review report"

**Jordan Loan Guarantee Corp.  
Public Shareholding Company**  
**Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Not Audited)**  
**30 June 2017**

(In Jordanian Dinar)

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**1. General**

**Jordan Loan Guarantee Corp.** is a public shareholding company incorporated on 26 March 1994. The company was formed as successor to the Loan Guarantee Project as result of the Council of ministers' decision that transferred all accounts and assets of the project to the Central Bank of Jordan in preparation for the establishment of a public shareholding company for loan guarantee. The Company head office is in the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan.

The company's goals include providing guarantees to fully or partially cover loans of different types, granted by banks and financial institutions for the establishing, expanding, and raising the productive and marketing capacity of economic projects with the aim of creating job opportunities and securing possibilities for earning or saving foreign reserves. The company's goals also include extending guarantees required to cover risks in the field of Jordanian export sector.

The accompanying condensed interim financial statements have been approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 27 July 2017.

**2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**Basis of Preparation**

The condensed interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard number (34) "Interim Financial Reporting". They do not include all of the information required in annual financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2017.

The condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for financial assets at fair value.

The condensed interim financial statements are presented in Jordanian Dinar which is the functional currency of the Company.

The accounting policies are consistent with those used in the previous period.

### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of financial assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities. These estimates and assumptions also affect the revenues, expenses and the provisions. Such estimates are necessarily based on assumptions about several factors involving varying degrees of judgment and uncertainty and actual results may differ resulting in future changes in such provisions.

- Management reviews periodically the tangible assets in order to assess the depreciation for the period based on the useful life and future economic benefits. Any impairment is taken to the interim statement of profit or loss.
- Management reviews periodically provisions against loan guarantee to assess their sufficiency according to the Company's policy and the risk management assessment.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short - term highly liquid investments.

### Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

These financial assets represent investments in equity instruments held for the purpose of generating gain on a long term and not for trading purpose.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income initially stated at fair value plus transaction costs at purchase date.

Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains or losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in the interim statement of other comprehensive income and within owner's equity, including the changes in fair value resulting from translation of non-monetary assets stated at foreign currency. In case those assets - or part of them- were sold, the resultant gain or loss is recorded in the interim statement of comprehensive income within owners' equity and the reserve for the sold assets is directly transferred to the retained earnings and not through the interim statement of profit or loss.

These assets are not subject to impairment testing.

Dividends are recorded in the interim statement of profit or loss on a separate line item.

### Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets at amortized cost are the financial assets which the company management intends according to its business model to hold for the purpose of collecting the contractual cash flows which comprise the contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding.

Financial assets are recorded at cost upon purchase plus acquisition expenses. Moreover, the issue premium \ discount is amortized using the effective interest rate method, and recorded to interest account. Provisions associated with the decline in value of these investments leading to the inability to recover the investment or parts thereof are deducted. Any impairment is registered in the interim statement of profit or loss and should be presented subsequently at amortized cost less any impairment losses.

### Trading and settlement date accounting

Purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date, i.e. the date on which the Company commits its self to purchase or sell the asset.

#### Fair value

For fair value of investments, which are traded in organized financial markets, is determined by reference to the quoted market bid price at the close of the business on the statement of financial position date. For investments which are listed in inactive stock markets, traded in small quantities or have no current prices, the fair value is measured using the current value of cash flows or any other method adopted. If there is no reliable method for the measurement of these investments, then they are stated at cost less any impairment in their value.

#### Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. When assets are sold or retired, their cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts and any gain or loss resulting from their disposal is included in the interim statement of profit or loss.

The initial cost of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditures incurred after property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance and overhaul costs, are normally charged to income in the period the costs are incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditures have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of property, plant and equipment beyond its originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditures are capitalized as an additional cost of property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis using the following annual depreciation rates:

Buildings	2%
Furniture & fixtures	10-20%
Vehicles	15%
Computers & software	20%

The useful life and depreciation method are reviewed annually to ensure that the method and period of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property, plant and equipment.

#### Grants

Grants are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Company recognizes as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Grants whose primary condition is that the Company should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire depreciable assets are recognized as deferred revenue in the interim statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

#### Accounts payable

Liabilities are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether billed by the supplier or not.

#### Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Where the Company expects a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

**Provision for end of service indemnity**

The provision for end of service indemnity is calculated based on the contractual provisions of the employment.

**Offsetting**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and the company intends to either settle them on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

**Revenues**

Commissions on loan guarantees are recognized annually on the ceilings or guaranteed portion of loans- granted by banks and financial institutions according to guarantee type.

Commissions on post-shipment export credit guarantees are recognized annually on the guaranteed export amount after deducting the reinsurance Company share.

Interest is recognized on a time proportion basis that reflects the effective yield on the assets.

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Dividends are recognized when the company's right to receive payment is established.

**Income tax**

Income tax expenses represent accrued taxes and deferred taxes.

Income tax expenses are accounted for on the basis of taxable income. Taxable income differs from income declared in the financial statements because the latter includes non-taxable revenues or disallowed taxable expenses in the current period but deductible in subsequent periods, accumulated losses acceptable by the tax law, and items not accepted for tax purposes or subject to tax.

Taxes are calculated on the basis of the tax rates according to the prevailing laws, regulations, and instructions of the countries where the Company operates.

Deferred taxes are taxes expected to be paid or recovered as a result of temporary timing differences between the value of the assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the value of the taxable amount. Deferred tax is calculated on the basis of the liability method in the statement of financial position according to the rates expected to be applied when the tax liability is settled or tax assets are recognized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at the date of the statement of financial position, and reduced in case it is expected that no benefit will arise therefore, partially or totally.

**Foreign Currency**

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to Jordanian Dinar using the prevailing exchange rates at period end. Foreign currency transactions during the period are recorded using exchange rates that were in effect at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains or losses are reflected in the interim statement of profit or loss.

**Jordan Loan Guarantee Corp.**  
**Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Not Audited)**  
**30 June 2017**

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**3. Balances of guaranteed loans and ceilings**

	Loans Ceilings		Guaranteed loans	
	30 June 2017	30 June 2016	30 June 2017	30 June 2016
Housing loans guarantees	29,347,606	30,692,606	22,847,187	25,111,368
Productive loans guarantees	38,617,134	26,802,000	48,073,074	28,367,168
Export credit guarantees & domestic buyers	3,647,407	3,190,797	3,647,407	3,190,797
Industrial loans guarantees	17,403,581	15,535,862	17,403,581	15,535,862
Finance lease	2,370,605	3,729,020	2,370,605	3,729,020
Business vehicles	171,793	205,390	171,793	205,390
	<b>91,558,126</b>	<b>80,155,675</b>	<b>94,513,647</b>	<b>76,139,605</b>

**4. Provisions against loans guarantee**

The breakdown of provisions for loans guarantee presented in the interim statement of financial position is as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
General provision	795,634	673,718
Special provision	1,156,493	1,059,904
Provision for industrial financing	2,273,699	2,224,514
Provision for pioneer projects financing	421,989	395,873
Provision for startup companies financing	792,891	438,957
Provision for export credit guarantees financing	1,302	-
	<b>5,442,008</b>	<b>4,792,966</b>

**5. Tax Status**

- The Company has settled its tax liabilities with the Income Tax Department up to the year ended 2014.
- The income tax returns for the years 2015 and 2016 have been filed with the Income Tax Department but the Department has not reviewed the Company's records till the date of this report.
- The income tax provision for the six-months ended 30 June 2017 was calculated in accordance with the Income Tax Law.

**Jordan Loan Guarantee Corp.**  
**Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Not Audited)**  
**30 June 2017**

**6. Analysis of the maturities of assets and liabilities**

The following table illustrates the analysis of assets and liabilities according to the expected period of their recoverability or settlement.

30 June 2017	Up to one year	More than one year	Total
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	28,399,259	-	28,399,259
Restricted bank deposits	-	23,778,962	23,778,962
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	778,139	778,139
Restricted financial assets measured at amortized cost	-	84,436,763	84,436,763
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	300,000	2,290,770	2,590,770
Receivables and other current assets	1,334,540	-	1,334,540
Deferred tax assets	-	791,370	791,370
Property and equipment	-	3,264,526	3,264,526
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>30,033,799</b>	<b>115,340,530</b>	<b>145,374,329</b>

Liabilities	Up to one year	More than one year	Total
Provisions against loans guarantee	-	5,442,008	5,442,008
Central Bank of Jordan loan - industrial loans guarantees program	-	5,160,695	5,160,695
Central Bank of Jordan loan - export credit guarantees program	-	71,949,409	71,949,409
Ministry of planning deposit	-	1,248,500	1,248,500
Startup micro projects loans	-	26,498,958	26,498,958
Payables and other current liabilities	1,123,540	-	1,123,540
Income tax provision	51,557	-	51,557
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1,175,097</b>	<b>110,299,570</b>	<b>111,474,667</b>

31 December 2016	Up to one year	More than one year	Total
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	26,556,420	-	26,556,420
Restricted bank deposits	-	23,274,359	23,274,359
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	776,410	776,410
Restricted financial assets measured at amortized cost	-	12,578,848	12,578,848
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	2,000,000	2,590,356	4,590,356
Receivables and other current assets	707,394	-	707,394
Deferred tax assets	-	763,344	763,344
Property and equipment	-	3,217,656	3,217,656
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>29,263,814</b>	<b>43,200,973</b>	<b>72,464,787</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Provisions against loans guarantee	-	4,792,966	4,792,966
Central Bank of Jordan loan	-	5,160,695	5,160,695
Payables and other current liabilities	1,077,591	-	1,077,591
Ministry of planning deposit	-	1,248,500	1,248,500
Startup micro projects loans	-	26,498,958	26,498,958
Income tax provision	100,676	-	100,676
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1,178,267</b>	<b>37,701,119</b>	<b>38,879,386</b>

## 7. Financial Instruments

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. Financial assets of the Company include cash and cash equivalents, financial securities and receivables. Financial liabilities of the Company include Central Bank of Jordan loan, accounts payable, ministry of planning withholdings and startup micro projects loans.

### Fair Value

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are not materially different from their carrying values as most of these items are either short-term in nature or re-priced frequently.

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

30 June 2017	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	423,949	-	354,190	778,139
31 December 2016	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	422,220	-	354,190	776,410

Financial assets included in level 3 are stated at cost less impairment charges, as the fair value of these assets cannot be measured reliably due to the lack of available active markets for identical assets.

### Credit Risk

Credit risks are those risks resulting from the default of counterparties to the financial instrument to repay their commitment to the Company. The Company limits its credit risk by only dealing with reputable banks and by setting credit limits for individual customers and monitoring outstanding receivables. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying value of each financial asset.

### Loans and Exports Guarantee Risks

The company guarantees 70% of productive loans to the low and medium income applicants not exceeding JOD (100,000) and guarantees 75% of housing loans to the low and medium income applicants provided that the loan does not exceed JOD (75,000).The company guarantees 70% of industrial loans and financial leasing up to JOD (550,000) for each.

The company guarantees 90% of post shipment exports losses caused by any of the risks covered by the guarantee contract. The company reinsures the guaranteed capital through agreements with Regional & International Insurance Companies.

### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. As most of the Company's financial instruments have fixed interest rates and carried at amortized cost, the sensitivity of the Company's results or equity to movements in interest rates is not considered significant.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its net financial obligation. In this respect, the Company's management diversified its funding sources, and managed assets and liabilities taking into consideration liquidity and keeping adequate balances of cash, and cash equivalents and quoted securities.

The table below analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position to the contractual maturity date:

	30 June 2017	Less than one year	More than one year	Total
Provisions against loans guarantee		-	5,442,008	5,442,008
Central Bank of Jordan loan – industrial loans guarantees program		-	5,160,695	5,160,695
Central Bank of Jordan loan - export credit guarantees program		-	71,949,409	71,949,409
Ministry of planning withholdings		-	1,248,500	1,248,500
Startup micro projects loans		-	26,498,958	26,498,958
Payables and other current liabilities	1,123,540	-	1,123,540	
Income tax provision	51,557	-	51,557	
	<u>1,175,097</u>	<u>110,299,570</u>	<u>111,474,667</u>	
	31 December 2016	Less than one year	More than one year	Total
Provisions against loans guarantee		-	4,792,966	4,792,966
Central Bank of Jordan loan – industrial loans guarantees program		-	5,160,695	5,160,695
Ministry of planning withholdings		-	1,248,500	1,248,500
Startup micro projects loans		-	26,498,958	26,498,958
Payables and other current liabilities	1,077,591	-	1,077,591	
Income tax provision	100,676	-	100,676	
	<u>1,178,267</u>	<u>37,701,119</u>	<u>38,879,386</u>	

#### Currency Risk

The management considers that the Company is not exposed to significant currency risk. The majority of their transactions and balances are in either Jordanian Dinar or US Dollar. As the Jordanian Dinar is pegged to the US Dollar, balances in US Dollar are not considered to represent significant currency risk and the Company's results or equity to movements in exchange rates is not considered significant.

#### Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk result from the change in the fair value of equity securities. The Company manages these risks through the diversification of investments in several geographical areas and economic sectors. If the quoted market price of listed equity securities had increased or decreased by 10%, the comprehensive income would have been increased / reduced by JOD (40,275) for the six-months ended at 30 June 2017 (2016: JOD 40,226).

#### 8. Capital Management

The Company manages its capital structure with the objective of safeguarding the entity's ability to continue as a going concern and providing an adequate return to shareholders.