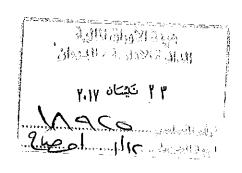




To: Jordan Securities Commission	السادة هيئة الاوراق المالية
Amman Stock Exchange	السادة بورصة عمان
Date:- 20/04/2017	التاريخ:- 2017/04/20
Subject: Audited Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended 31/12/2016	الموضوع: البيانات المالية السنوية المدققة للسنة المنتهية في 201612/31
Attached the Audited Financial Statements of First Insurance Company for the fiscal year ended 31/12/2016.	مرفق طيه نسخة من البيانات المالية المدققة لشركة الأولى للتأمين عن السنة المالية المنتهية في 2016/12/31
Kindly accept our high appreciation and respect	وتفضلوا بقبول فائق الاحترام،،،
Company's Name : First Insurance Company	اسم شركة : الشركة الأولى للتأمين
/CEO Signature :	ور توقيع الرئيس التنفيذي:



FIRST INSURANCE COMPANY

PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING COMPANY

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2016



Ernst & Young Jordan P.O.Box 1140 Annoan 11118 Jordan

Tel: 00 962 6500 0777/00 962 6552 6111 Fax: 00 962 6553 8300

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of First Insurance Company Public Shareholding Company

Amman - Jordan

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of First Insurance Company a public shareholding company (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of 31 December 2016, and the consolidated statement of policyholders revenues and expenses, consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of changes in policyholders fund and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2016, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with international Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards, are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated financial statements in Jordan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is an important determinant of the Group's profitability. In addition, there is a risk of improper revenue recognition, particularly with regard to revenue recognition at the cut- off date.

Our audit procedures included evaluating the Group's revenue recognition accounting policies and assessing compliance with the policies in terms of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs). We tested the Group's controls over revenue recognition and key controls in the revenue cycle. We also selected a representative sample and tested premiums written at either side of the revenue cutoff date to, assess whether the revenue was recognized in the correct period. Analytical procedures were performed on income accounts by lines of business. We independently re-performed the revenue calculation of each line of business using data extracted from the Group's system. In order to rely on the data extracted, we tested a sample of transactions to their related policies to assess the accuracy of the data extracted. We also selected and tested a representative sample of journal entries at the cut off period.

Refer to note (2) item (C) in the consolidated financial statements for more details about this matter.



Estimates used in calculation and completeness of insurance liabilities

The Group has significant insurance liabilities of JD 13,988,756 representing 55% of the Group's total liabilities. The measurement of insurance liabilities (unearned contributions and premiums reserve, outstanding claims, and mathematical reserve) involves significant judgment over uncertain future outcomes including primarily the timing and ultimate full settlement of long term policyholders' liabilities.

Our audit procedures included, amongst others, assessing the Group's methodology for calculating the insurance liabilities and their analysis of the movements in insurance liabilities during the year, including consideration of whether the movements are in line with the accounting policy adopted by the Group. We tested management's liability adequacy testing which is a key test performed to check that the liabilities are adequate in the context of expected experience. We evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the management's specialist. Our audit procedures on the liability adequacy tests included assessing the reasonableness of the projected cash flows and reviewing the assumptions adopted in the context of both the Group and industry experience and specific product features. We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures regarding these liabilities.

Refer to note (2) item (C) in the consolidated financial statements for more details about this matter.

Provision for doubtful accounts receivable and re-insurance receivables

The determination as to whether accounts receivable are collectable involves high level of management judgment. The completeness of allowance for doubtful accounts receivable may have a significant impact on the Group's profit.

Management considers specific factors including the age of the balance, existence of disputes, recent historical payment patterns and any other available information concerning the creditworthiness of counterparties. Management uses this information to determine whether a provision for impairment is required either for a specific transaction or for a customer's balance overall.



We tested accounts receivable where no provision was recognized to check that there were no indicators of impairment. This included verifying if payments had been received since the year-end, reviewing historical payment patterns and any correspondence with customers on expected settlement dates. We also tested the accuracy of the receivables aging report through agreeing a sample of the receivables present in the report to the related supporting documents. We selected a sample of accounts receivable balances where a provision for impairment of accounts receivables was recognized and understood the rationale behind management's judgment. In order to evaluate the appropriateness of these judgments we verified whether any balances were overdue, the customer's historical payment patterns and whether any post year-end payments had been received up to the date of completing our audit procedures. We also obtained corroborative evidence including correspondence supporting any disputes between the parties involved, attempts by management to recover the amounts outstanding and on the credit status of significant counterparties where available.

Refer to notes (10, 11) in the consolidated financial statements for more details about this matter.

Other information included in The Group's 2016 Annual Report

Other information consists of the information included in The Group's 2016 Annual Report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Management is responsible for the other information. The Group's 2016 Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exist. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exist, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.



- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencles in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period, and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report, unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonable be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

The Group maintains proper books of accounts which are in agreement with the consolidated financial statements.

Ernst + Noung frost & Young / Jordan Mohammad Ibrahlm Al-Karaki License No. 882

Amman - Jordan 28 February 2017

FIRST INSURANCE COMPANY - PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

		· _	
Access	Notes	2016	2015
Assets		JD	<u>1D</u>
Investments Deposits at banks Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Financial assets at amortized cost Investment properties	4 5 6 7	10,630,602 5,683,342 7,139,478 6,924,410	12,247,681 6,558,674 - 8,006,310
Total investments		30,377,832	26,812,665
Other Assets Cash on hand and at banks Cheques under collection Accounts receivable, net Reinsurers' receivables, net Other assets Deferred tax assets Property and equipment, net Intangible assets, net Projects under construction	8 9 10 11 16 12 13 14	5,113,703 1,882,893 12,106,825 2,092,089 296,755 341,214 4,669,642 29,305 35,476	6,927,307 1,288,073 10,386,297 1,908,182 258,450 384,216 3,431,375 15,784
Total Assets		56,945,734	51,412,349
Liabilities, Shareholders' Equity and Policyholders' Fund Liabilities — Insurance contracts liabilities Uneamed contributions and premiums reserve, net Outstanding claims reserve, net		7,860,757 6,037,556	6,695,127 5,742,585
Mathematical reserve, net		90,443	37,538
Total Insurance contracts liabilities		13,988,756	12,475,250
Accounts payable Accrued expenses Reinsurers' payables Other provisions Income tax provision Deferred tax Ilabilities Other Ilabilities	17 18 19 12 12 20	1,331,124 73,536 9,252,091 205,333 27,586 1,370	935,377 46,119 6,540,552 249,481 356,262 9,500
Total liabilities	20	530,429	710,968
Total habilities		25,410,225	21,323,509
Reserve to cover policyholders' fund deficit (contingencies provision) Net policyholders' fund	21	129,888 129,888	91,213 91,213
Shareholders' equity Authorized and paid in capital Statutory reserve Cumulative change in fair value Retained earnings	22 23 24 25	28,000,000 2,501,096 (663,523) 1,568,048	28,000,000 2,288,168 (800,568) 510,027
Total shareholders' equity	•	31,405,621	29,997,627
Total policyholder's fund and shareholders' equity	-	31,535,509	30,088,840
Total Liabilities, Policyholders' Fund and Shareholders' Equity	-	56,945,734	
Eddith		70,840,104	51,412,349

FIRST INSURANCE COMPANY - PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF POLICYHOLDER'S REVENUES AND EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Notes	2016	2015
		<u>JD</u>	JD
Takaful revenues –			
Gross written contributions		37,670,109	26,326,693
Less: contributions ceded to reinsurance		(21,027,300)	(13,937,115)
Net earned contributions from takaful operations		16,642,809	12,389,578
Net change in unearned premlums reserve		(2,080,577)	(1,264,160)
Net change in mathematical reserve		(90,443)	-
Net earned contributions from takaful insurance		14,471,789	11,125,418
Commissions Income		2,021,833	1,679,110
Takaful Insurance policies issuance fees		1,473,012	989,990
Policyholders' share of investment income	26	113,900	91,045
Policyholders' share of investment property income Less: shareholders' share for managing the investment	27	67,180	57,875
portfolio	27,26	(63,379)	(52,122)
Total revenues from takaful insurance		18,084,335	13,891,316
Takaful claims/ losses and expenses			 .
Paid claims		17,685,424	13,503,931
Less: Recoveries		(1,359,130)	(1,112,235)
Less; Reinsurers' share		(5,185,115)	(4,079,259)
Net paid claims from takaful insurance		11,141,179	8,312,437
Net change in outstanding claims reserve Shareholders' share for managing the operations of Takaful		675,983	548,815
Insurance	28	4,783,028	3,858,382
Excess of loss subscriptions		157,460	181,345
Takaful policies acquisition costs		514,807	437,169
Other Takaful underwriting expenses		599,245	356,562
Net claims and expenses from takaful insurance		17,871,702	13,694,710
Less: policyholders' share of:			
Doubtful debts expense	11,10	(120,000)	(105,000)
Depreciation and amortization		(35,119)	(35,023)
Other expenses		(18,839)	(17,534)
Policyholders' fund surplus before tax		38,675	39,049
Income tax expense	12	<u>.</u>	(9,372)
Net policyholders' surplus from takaful insurance		38,675	29,677

FIRST INSURANCE COMPANY - PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING COMPANY CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	<u>Notes</u>	2016	2015
General Insurance revenue-		JD	JD
Gross written premiums		336,253	9 400 041
Less: reinsurers' share		(271,887)	8,400,043 (7,126,686
Net written premiums		64,366	1,273,356
Net change in unearmed premiums reserve		914,947	(236,130)
Net change in mathematical reserve		37,538	(12,140)
Net earned premiums from general insurance operations		1,016,851	1,025,086
Commission Income		94,258	1,482,764
Insurance policies issuance and underwriting fees		9,927	210,894
Revenues from managing the general insurance portfolio		646,342	-
Total revenue from general insurance		1,767,376	2,718,734
Takaful insurance revenue-			
Shareholders' share of Takaful insurance operations	28	4,783,028	3,858,382
Shareholders' share of Investment Income	26	225,575	510,614
Shareholders' share of financial assets and investments income	27	560,766	615,577
Shareholders' share for managing the investments portfolio	27,26	63,379	52,122
Other Income	29	80,873	9,739
Total revenues from general and takaful insurance operations		7,480,997	7,765,088
General insurance claims and related expenses-			
Pald claims		3,693,385	3,669,973
Less: recoveries Less: reinsurers' share		(33,710)	(126,756)
		(2,905,872)	(2,500,447)
Net paid claims		753,803	1,042,770
Net change in outstanding claims reserve		(381,012)	(140,432)
Allocated employees' expenses	31		853,426
Allocated general and administrative expenses	30	•	314,000
General Insurance portfolio management (ees		646,342	-
Excess of loss premiums		•	42,933
Policies acquisition costs Other underwriting expenses		109,202	450,232
		15,515	15,209
Net claims from general insurance		1,143,850	2,578,138
Unallocated employees' expenses	31	2.718,439	1,982,787
Depreciation and amortization		183,297	177,208
Unallocated general and administrative expenses	30	1,298,192	1,088,134
Other expenses Doubiful debts expense	11,10	•	112,409
Total expenses from general insurance and takaful insurance	(1,10	5 2/2 779	50,000
Profit for the year before tax		5,343,778	5,988,676
Prior years income tax		2,137,219	1,776,392
Income tex expense for the year	12		(71,838) (385,918)
Profit for the year		2,137,219	1,318,636
		JD/ Fils	JD/ Fils

FIRST INSURANCE COMPANY - PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2016	2015
JD	JD
2,137,219	1,318,636
(561,225)	(608,305)
1,575,994	710,331
	JD 2,137,219 (561,225)

FIRST INSURANCE COMPANY - PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Total	shareholders	eduity	5	9,997,627	1,575,994	•		•	(168,000)	32,103,891	٠	26,339,480	3,126,728	694,581		•	30,187,123		13,819	(178,912)	29,995,696		503,887		(501,956)			1.931	29,997,627	
		0	interest	9		•	•			,	왕 - 		,	3,126,728	•		•	3,126,728 30			(3.126.728)	צ	•			-		 -	,	³⁴ .	
			Total	9	29,997,627	1,575,994	1			(168,000)	31,405,621		26,339,480		694,581		•	27,034,061			2,947,816 (;	29,995,696		503,887		(501,956)		, 	1.931	29,997,627	
vs	Total	retained	eamings	2	510,027	2 137,219	(212.928)		(698.270)	(168,000)	1,568,048		1,664,423		800,930		38,034	2,503,387		13,819	(2,336,291)	ا ادم	(158,075)	503,887			1000	(16,/00)	487,187	1 .	
Retained earnings			Unrealized	ဌ		1	٠		ı		,		1	•	,		•	.		•	•	ı	,	,		,		•			
Re		;	Realized	9	510,027	2,137,219	212,928		(698,270)	(168,000)	1,568,048		1.664,423	•	800,930		38,034	2,503,387		13,819	(2,336,291)	180,915	(158.075)	503,887				(16,/00)	487.187	510,027	
	Cumulative	change in	fair value	9	(800,568)	(561,225)	•		698,270	•	(663,523)		(170,929)		(106,349)		(38,034)	(315,312)			•	(315,312)	•	,		(501,956)		15,700	(485,256)	(800,568)	
		Statutory	reserve	9	2,288,168	ı	212,928		•	•	2,501,096		845,986	•	ı		1	845,986			1,284,107	2,130,093	158,075							2,288,168	
		Paid in	capital	g	28,000,000	•	•			•	28,000,000		24,000,000	•	•		1	24,000,000		•	4,000,000	28,000,000	•			ı			,	28,000,000	
				2700	Balance as at 1 January 2016	Total comprehensive income	Transferred to statutory reserve	Loss on sale of financial assets at fair value through other	comprehensive income	Capital increase expenses	Balance as at 31 December 2016	2015 -	Balance as at 1 January 2015	Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 3)	Comprehensive income for the period ended 30 June 2015	Gain on sale of financial assets at fair value through other	comprehensive income	Balance as at 30 June 2015	Yamnouk Insurance Company profit for the period from	1 January to 30 June 2015	Capital increase	Opening balance as at 1 July 2015 (Note 3)	Transferred to statutory reserve	Profit for the period from 1 July 2015 to 31 December 2015	Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through	other comprehensive income	Loss on sale of financial assets at fair value through other	comprehensive income	Total comprehensive income for the period from	Balance as at 31 December 2015	

- As at 31 December 2016, retained earnings include a restricted amount of JD 663,523 (2015: JD 800,568), which represents the negative balance of cumulative change in fair value in accordance with Jordan Securities Commission instructions.
- As at 31 December 2016, retained earnings include a restricted amount of JD 165,534 (2015: JD 156,351), which represents the balance of deferred tax
- The board of directors, in their the meeting held on 23 February 2017, resolved to recommend to the General Assembly to approve, the distribution of 2.5% cash dividends to shareholders in their meeting that will be held on 26 April 2017.

FIRST INSURANCE COMPANY - PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN POLICYHOLDERS' FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

		Cumulativa	surplus		
	Reserve to cover deficit (Contingencies provision)*	Realized	Unrealized	Non-profitable loan from shareholders to cover The policyholders' deficit	Net policyholders' equily
2016 -	JD	JD	JD	JD	ac
Balance as at 1 January 2016	91,213		•	-	91,213
Policyholders' surplus for the year	•	38,676	-	-	38,675
Transfer of fund from cumulative surplus to	38,675	/20 675)			
conlingencies provision	129,888	(38,675)	<u> </u>		100 000
	128,000				129,868
2015 -					
Balance as at 1 January 2015	61,536	-	-	•	61,536
Policyholders' surplus for the year		29,677			29,677
Transfer of fund from cumulative surplus to	20.633	(00.033)			
contingencies provision	29,677	(29,677)			
	91,213		<u> </u>	•	91,213

The reserve to cover deficit (contingencies provision) is computed by retaining 20% of the policyholders' surplus for the year and policyholders' share of the realized gain from sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The reserve is recorded after the settlement of any outstanding non-profitable loans. Sharia Supervisory Board granted their approval on transferring the surplus to the reserve to cover deficit.

FIRST INSURANCE COMPANY - PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Notes	2016	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		JD	JD
Profit for the year before income tax		2,175,894	1,779,789
Adjustments for non-cash items:		2,7,0,22	1,112,100
Depreciation and amortization		218,416	174,039
Provision for doubtful debts	10, 11	120,000	155,000
Net movement in unearned contributions and premiums reserve		1,165,630	1,498,207
Net movement in outstanding claims reserve Net movement in mathematical reserve		294,971	734,447
Recoveries from non-profilable loan granted to policyholders		52,905	(25,422)
Loss from sale of property and equipment		22,049	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income dividend		(168,297)	7,829
Cash flows from operating activities before working capital change		3,881,568	<u>(191,200)</u> 4,132,689
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		3,001,000	
Cheques under collection		(504.000)	501,000
Accounts receivable		(594,820)	809,789
Reinsures' receivables		(1,830,528) (193,907)	(2,788,733)
Other assets		(38,305)	(908,115) 2 9 3,427
Accounts payable		395,746	(75,830)
Accrued expenses		27,417	(37,592)
Reinsures' payables		3,995,744	(112,051)
Other provisions		(44,148)	(160,595)
Other liabilities		(1,464,744)	197,023
Net cash flows from operating activities before income tax		4,134,024	1,815,012
Income tax paid	12	(35,540)	(436,349)
Net cash flows from operating activities		3,783,484	1,414,663
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Deposits at banks		(1,547,890)	4,522,955
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Proceeds from sale of financial assets at fair value through other		(727,881)	(2,160,707)
comprehensive income		1,098,724	1,048,089
Maturity of financial assets at amortized cost		(7,161,527)	199,134
Dividend received from financial assets at fair value through other		168,297	191,200
comprehensive income			
Development of investment properties		(291,778)	(11,747)
Construction on progress Purchase of property and equipment		(35,476)	-
Purchase of Intangible assets		(68,562)	(95,093)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		(27,984)	(1,683)
Acquisition of a subsidiary, net of cash acquired	3	•	19,771
Net cash flows used in investing activities	J	(8,594,057)	(6,894,372)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(0,034,007)	3,182,453
Dividends paid		(460 000)	
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(168,000)	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(168,000) (4,978,573)	(4 767 700)
Cash and cash equivalents, at the beginning of the year		17,874,988	(1,767,790) 19,642,778
Cash and cash equivalents, at the end of the year	33	12,896,415	17,874,988
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1410001410	17,074,000

	Llfe	•
	2016	2015
	JD	JD
Written premiums		
Direct business	1,415,828	-
Facultative reinsurance inward business	<u> </u>	
Total written premiums	1,415,828	
Less:		
Local reinsurers' premiums	-	-
Foreign reinsurers' premiums	1,024,874	
Net premiums	390,954	
Add:		
Balance at the beginning of the year		
Mathematical reserve as at the beginning of the year	_	
Less: reinsurers' share	-	-
Net mathematical reserve at the beginning of the year	-	-
Less:		
Balance at the end of the year		
Mathematical reserve	348,829	
Less: reinsurers' share	258,386	-
Net mathematical reserve	90,443	
Net earned revenues from written premiums	300,511	-
	 ,	

	Life	
	2016	2015
	JD	JD
Paid claims		
Less:	520,033	•
Local reinsurers' share	-	•
Foreign reinsurers' share	431,805	
Net pald claims	89,028	
Add:		
Outstanding claims reserve at the end of the year Less:	27,570	•
Reinsurers' share	16,656	
Net outstanding claims reserve at the end of the year	10,914	-
Less: Outstanding claims reserve at the beginning of the year Less:	-	<u>-</u>
Reinsurers' share	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Net outstanding claims reserve at the beginning of the year	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Net claims cost	99,942	•

FIRST INSURANCE COMPANY - PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING COMPANY STATEMENT OF CONTRIBUTION PROFIT FOR LIFE INSURANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Life	•
	2016	2015
	JD	JD
Net earned revenue from written premiums Less:	300,511	-
Net claims cost	99,942	-
Add:		
Commissions received	2,026	•
Insurance policies Issuance fees	96,339	•
Policy holder share of investment income	4,424	-
Total revenues	303,358	-
Less:		
Commissions paid	<u>.</u>	-
General and administrative expenses related to underwriting	176,876	•
Other expenses related to underwriting	49,551	
Total expenses	226,427	
Underwriting profit	76,931	•

	Life	3
	2016	2015
	JD	JD
Written premiums		
Direct business*	298,699	483,368
Facultative reinsurance inward business*		
Total written premiums	298,699	483,368
Less:		
Local reinsurers' premiums*	13,791	26,902
Foreign reinsurers' premiums*	206,822	265,468
Net premiums	78,086	190,998
Add:		
Balance at the beginning of the year		
Mathematical reserve as at the beginning of the year	78,245	51,977
Less: reinsurers' share	40,707	26,579
Net mathematical reserve at the beginning of the year	37,538	25,398
Less:		
Balance at the end of the year		
Mathematical reserve	-	78,245
Less: reinsurers' share	-	40,707
Net mathematical reserve	-	37,538
Net earned revenues from written premiums	115,624	178,858

^{*} These amounts represent addendums, cancellation and re-insurance shares for policies pertaining to prior periods and resulting from the acquisition of Yarmouk Insurance Company.

FIRST INSURANCE COMPANY - PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING COMPANY STATEMENT OF CLAIMS COST FOR LIFE INSURANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Life	<u> </u>
	2016	2015
	JD	JD
Paid claims		
Less:	423,006	306,832
Local reinsurers' share		
Foreign reinsurers' share	27,818	25,565
Net paid claims	270,981	206,542
	124,207	74,725
Add:		
Outstanding claims reserve at the end of the year	52,377	165,053
Less:		
Reinsurers' share	6,452	133,633
Net outstanding claims reserve at the end of the year	45,925	31,420
Less:		
Outstanding claims reserve at the beginning of the year	165,053	36,924
Less:		•
Reinsurers' share	133,633	22,650
Net outstanding claims reserve at the beginning of the year	31,420	14,274
Net claims cost	138,712	91,871

	Life	€
	2016	2015
	JD	JD
Net earned revenue from written premiums		
Less:	115,624	178,858
Net claims cost		
	138,712	91,871
Add:		-
Commissions received	2,729	3,338
Insurance policies Issuance fees*	6,302	11,119
Total revenues	(14,057)	101,444
Less:		
General insurance portfolio management fees	74,026	•
Commissions paid	2,718	3,797
General and administrative expenses related to underwriting	•	90,933
Other expenses related to underwriting	<u>-</u>	111
Total expenses	76,744	94,841
Underwriting profit	(90,801)	6,603

^{*} The fees for managing the general insurance portfolio were set by the Shari'a Board at 17.5% from paid claims. These fees are allocated among different lines of business proportional to their paid claims.

FIRST INSURANCE COMPANY - PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING COMPANY STATEMENT OF UNDERWRITING REVENUES FOR TAKAFUL OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Horas	8	Man	Mambe	Aviation	5	Fire and other property	rproperty	Laberty	À	Medical	70	Other Classes	18450rs	T	Total
	2018	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
	ę	8	3	ą	ę	9	8	9	뎍	ð	9	ŝ	9	9	q	ę
Written contributions:																
Direct maurance	9,094,353	8,740,489	1,233,382	1,010,448	250,082	313,545	9,074,899	4,461,449	727,605	367,212	10,585,773	5,944,190	1,720,535	815,310	33,086,669	21,672,647
Reinsurance Inward business	1,706,915	2,252,295	26.610	21,927			1,415,033	1,455,852	805	37,755	•	875,000	18,249	13.223	3,167,612	4,654,052
Total written contributions	10,801,308	10,992,784	1,250,992	1,032,373	250,082	313,545	10,469,932	5,915,301	728,410	424,967	10,985,773	6,819,190	1,738,784	628,533	28.254,281	26.326.693
Less																
Local reinsurance contribution	1,750,779	1,690,219	337,460	172,708			1,579,408	1,461,508	•	35,520		,	29,914	9,672	3,705,561	3,369,627
Foreign remourance contribution		6,375	821,106	753.341	250.082	313,545	8.798,594	4,387,928	661,739	365,384	1248,484	3,984,864	1,498,860	758,251	16,296,865	10,567,488
Net contributions	9,041,529	9,296,190	101,426	106.324	250,082		112,930	65,865	46,671	24,053	6,739,289	2,834,526	210,010	62,610	18,251.855	12,389,578
Add:																
Balance as at the begonning of the year																
Ungamed contributions reserve	4,486,584	2,970,927	174,640	172,402	88,302	278,365	3,671,359	3,031,337	224,020	217.351	3,571,658	3,578,317	450,344	341,515	12,769,687	11,590,214
Less: reinsurance share	348,426	913,128	152,920	150,419	38,302	278,385	2.124.223	3.007.073	212.865	210,540	2,124,223	2.202.314	424,559	312.356	6,989,708	7 074,195
Net unearned contributions reserve as at																
the beginning of the year	4,138,138	3,057,799	21.720	21,983	·	,	1,547,435	24,264	11,155	6.811	1,547,435	1,376,003	28.785	29.159	5,780,179	4,516,019
Pest:																
Balance as at the ended of the year																
Unearned contributions provision	4,791,502	4,488,564	368,427	174,640	65,217	88.302	6,432,209	3,671,359	416,820	224,020	5.103.949 3,671,658		1,032,325	453,344	18,230,249	12,769,687
Less; reinsurers' stare	554,997	348,425	367,634	152,920	65.217	88.302	6.378,369	3,638,413	390,237	212,865	1,677,170	2,124,223	925,869	424,559	10,389,493	6,989,708
Ret unearmed contributions provision																
as at the and of the year	4,236,505	4,138,138	20.793	21,720		,	53,640	32.946	26,383	11,155	3,428,779	1,547,435	96,459	28,785	7,860,758	5,780,179
Net earned revenue from written																
contributions	8,943,162	8,215,851	102.353	108,587	•		92,038	57,183	31,443	19,719	4,850,645	2,663,094	142,339	62.984	14,171,278	11,125,418
		ĺ								Ų						

FIRST INSURANCE COMPANY - PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING COMPANY STATEMENT OF CLAIMS COST FOR TAKAFUL OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

·	Motors	ŗ	Manne	5	Avaion	£	Fire and other property	r property	Usbiity	≿	Medical	7.	Other Clesses	ecses	Total	<u> </u>
	2016	2015	2016	2015	910	2015	2016	2015	3016	2015	2018	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
	ð	9	8	9	9	Ą	9	욕	9	ť	Q.	9	B	Ą	9,	9
	:															
	9,283,434	7,433,140	40,861	8. 19		•	274,935	K39,634	6 2833	<u>2</u>	6,707,017	5,071,709	815,431	111,092	17,164,591	13,503,501
Less:																
Recovering	1,358,935	1,111,533			,		쳞	402					5	8	1,359,130	1,112,235
Local rensurers' share	531,518	454,368			ì		20,424	6,379		•	•	•	,	•	551,942	460,747
Fortagn reinsumers' share	93,097	33,554	35.951	38,386	۱	·	207,163	807,348	205,43	134	3.069.268	2651295	731,301	67,795	4,201,368	3,618,512
Net paid claims	7,299,864	5,633,665	4,910	9.804			7,166	25,505	18,345	33	3.637,749	2,420,413	84.117	22,997	11,052,151	8,312,437
Add: Outstanding daims reserve at end of the																
year																
Reparted	5,553,818	5,118,529	336,685	142,878	,		445,108	413,519	269,965	70,293	534,670	250,435	199,421	77,219	7,339,667	6,072,873
Unreported	000'089	600,000	9.000	3,600	•	•	6,850	5.000	2,000	8	538,489	321,168	6,000	4,300	1,239,339	934,118
Loss:																
Reingurers' share	799,749	653,618	310,154	131,788			435,168	398,900	258,297	70,033	530,075	279,766	184,840	68,429	2,518,283	1,602,714
Recoveries	239,358	307.981		ij		,			ٔ۱						299,358	307,981
Net outstanding claims reserve at the end)	
of the year	5,134,711	4,756,730	34,531	14,710	اً.		16,790	19,619	13,688	310	541,084	291,837	20,581	13,090	5,781,365	5,098,296
L 53:																
Oustanding claims reserve at the beginning																
of the year																
Reported	5,118,529	4,284,746	142,878	113,832	•		413,519	898,205	70,293	5,673	250,435	226,643	77,219	157,835	6,072,873	5,686,934
Unreported	600,000	700,000	3.600	4,450	,		5.000	9,000	8	8	321,168	379.519	4,300	4,300	934,118	1,093,619
less:																
Reinsurers' share	653,818	446,783	131,768	106,416	,		398,900	200'988	70,033	5,536	279.766	375.744	68,429	148,849	1,602,714	1,969,362
Recoveries	307,981	263,710				į	 - 		- -	 - -	·				307,981	263,710
Net outstanding claims reserve at the																
beginning of the year	4,756,730	4,274,253	14,710	11,866	·į	·İ	19,619	17,173	370	185	291,637	270,718	13,090	13,286	5,096,296	4,547,481
Not claims cost	7,677,845	6,316,162	24,731	12,648	اً.	·	¥33	158.12	31,703	<u>22</u>	3,886,996	2,481,532	91,608	22,801	11,717,220	8,861,252

The accompanying notes from 1 to 43 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

FIRST INSURANCE COMPANY - PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING COMPANY STATEMENT OF UNDERWRITING PROFIT (LOSS) FOR TAKAFUL OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Motor	5	Marine	9	Aviation		Fire and other property	property	Liabith	, A	Medical	, R	Other Classes	2025	Total	
	2016	2015	20162	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
	9	뒥	9	윽	ę	9	9	9	9	9	ę	6	ę	9	9	8
Not carned revenue from written																
contributions	8,943,162	8,215,851	102,353	106,587			92,036	57,183	31,443	19,719	4,859,945	2,663,094	142,339	62,984	14,171,278	11,125,418
Loss:																
Met claims cost	7,677,845	8,316,162	24,731	12,548			4,337	27,951	31,703	瑟	3,636,996	2,481,532	809'16	22,801	11,717,220	8,861,252
Add:																
Commissions received	21,082	22,646	295,836	260,161	13,605	15,443	1,104,644	478,975	110,185	112,48	282.291	653,802	212,164	163,812	2,019,807	1,679,110
Takatu policies issuance fees	622.234	594,852	32,713	25,684	2,862	5.670	150,349	68,693	7.787	6,813	507,217	274,291	53,451	13,987	1,376,673	066'686
Investment income for pollcyholders	33,749	40,418	3,937	3,796	781	1,153	32,776	21,749	2276	1,563	34,325	25.073	5.433	3,046	113.277	96.798
Total revenue	1,942,422	2,557,605	410,108	362,580	17,268	22.268	1,375,468	598,649	119,988	112.208	1,776,782	1,134,728	321.773	221,028	5,963,815	5,030,064
Less:																
Takaful policies acquisition costs	259,536	330,284 27,382	27,382	24,701	•	•	74,531	55,014	7,940	1,978	139,477	16,002	28	7,180	514,807	437,169
Excess of loss subscriptions	105,480	120,815		4.800	•		52,000	46,330	,	4,800				4,800	157,460	181,345
Shareholders share for Takahul																
operations management	1,708,500	1,637,993	245,052	233949	12,564	13,888	1,056,545	574,996	120,886	71,665	1,240,983	1,205,921	225,122	118,940	J. 606, 152	3,858,382
Other expenses	155,571	183,345	1,209	8,695	82	3,740	26.854	67,368	2,584	9,840	358,443	75,872	3,404	7,498	548,694	356,562
Total expenses	2,229,167	1277237	273.643	272,349	13,793	17,638	1,209,530	743,708	131,810	89,303	1,738,903	1,299,795	230,667	139,428	5,828,113	4,833,458
Underwriting(loss) profit for the																
year	(288,745)	285,368	136,465	111,231	3,475	4,628	165.538	(145,059)	(11,822)	23,905	37,879	(165,067)	90,912	81,600	135,702	198,606

FIRST INSURANCE COMPANY - PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING COMPANY STATEMENT OF UNDERWRITING REVENUES FOR GENERAL INSURANCE OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Solid 2016 2015 2016 2015 2016 2015 2016 2015 2016 2015 2016 2015 2016 2015 2016 2015 2016 2015 2016 <t< th=""><th>Motors</th><th>Marine</th><th>Fire and other property</th><th>ier property</th><th>tikdeli</th><th><u>,</u></th><th>Medical</th><th>, </th><th>Other Classes</th><th>22503</th><th>Assistance</th><th>8</th><th>Total</th><th>-</th></t<>	Motors	Marine	Fire and other property	ier property	tikdeli	<u>,</u>	Medical	, 	Other Classes	22503	Assistance	8	Total	-
University Light Control of the Light Control of th	2015	 	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2018	2015	2016	2015
Une year Une ye	P		6	g	9	q	q	đ	8	9	ę	용	8	9
Usiness**														
Une year 1.00.293 122.775 6.904 2456.200 1.0549 1.456.200 1.0569 1.0569 1.0569 1.0569 1.0569 1.0569 1.0569 1.0569 1.05699 1.0	97		38.754	4,124,493	<u>&</u>	23,792	(44,989)	2834,027	2.079	62,213	28	17,008	42.638	7,415,367
Line year 46,785 396,505 34,250 4,580,733 (89) 25,101 (44,989) -	siness	32,671	(4,504)	156.240	•	1,309	•	•	(585)	11,087			(5,084)	501.307
Une year - - 24,325 4,556 610,061 - 799 - - <th>46</th> <th></th> <th>34,250</th> <th>4,580,733</th> <th>(68)</th> <th>25,101</th> <th>(44,989)</th> <th>2,834,027</th> <th>1,499</th> <th>73.300</th> <th>8</th> <th>17.008</th> <th>37,554</th> <th>7.916,674</th>	46		34,250	4,580,733	(68)	25,101	(44,989)	2,834,027	1,499	73.300	8	17.008	37,554	7.916,674
Uhe year 24,325 4,556 610,061 789 124,712 The year 5,2775 6,804 \$3,270 (22) 3,254 (20,717) The year 100,293 123,765 2,411,207 3,410,663 8,711 27,094 1,006,202 The year 100,293 123,765 2,411,207 3,410,663 8,711 27,094 1,006,202 The year 1,019 3,160 18,501 18,457 1,061 1,450 685,628 The year 100,293 10,948 2,411,207 3,410,663 8,711 27,094 1,006,622 The year 100,293 10,948 2,411,207 1,450 685,628 The year 100,293 10,948 2,411,207 1,450 685,628 The year 10,047 2,392,706 7,650 7,650 7,650 The year 1,061 1,061 1,061 1,061 1,061														
Uhe year - 46,789 339,405 22,775 6,904 53,770 (57) 21,048 (24,712) Uhe year 100,293 122,775 6,904 53,770 (22) 3,254 (70,277) Start 100,293 122,765 2,411,207 3,410,663 8,711 27,094 1,806,282 Start 120,605 2,392,706 3,362,206 7,650 25,644 1,000,624 Start 1,019 3,160 18,501 16,457 1,061 1,450 885,636 Ast 10,293 10,948 2,411,207 2,821,60 1,650 <td< th=""><th>,</th><th>. 24,325</th><th></th><th>190,018</th><th></th><th>262</th><th></th><th></th><th>1,534</th><th>7,613</th><th></th><th></th><th>6.090</th><th>642,798</th></td<>	,	. 24,325		190,018		262			1,534	7,613			6.090	642,798
Uhe year 100,233 123,75 6,904 53,270 (22) 3,254 (20,277) 100,233 123,765 2,411,207 3,410,663 8,711 27,094 1,606,202 1, 100,233 123,765 2,411,207 3,410,663 8,711 27,094 1,000,622 1, 100,233 1,160 18,501 18,501 1,450 885,636 1, 100,449 2,411,207 - 8,711 - 1,450 1,1001 1,450 1,1001 1,450 1,1001 1,450 1,1001 1,450 1,1001 1,450 1,1001 1,450	97	-	22.780	3,917,402	(67)	21,048	(24.712)	1,842,118	206	54,537	88	17,008	45,184	6,191,518
Uhe year 100,293 123,765 2,411,207 3,410,663 8,711 27,034 1,886,282 1,886,282 1,886,282 3,160 3,160 18,501 18,501 18,457 1,051 1,450 885,636 3,171 2,392,706 3,160 18,501 18,501 1,051 1,450 885,636 3,160 3,160 10,243 2,411,207 8,711 1,450 885,636 1,051 1,054 1,0547 2,392,706 7,650 1,1061 1,051 1,0547 1,0547 7,650 1,061	•		6.904	53,270	8	3,254	(20,277)	991,908	(166)	11,150		,	(13,720)	1,082,358
Une year 100,293 123,765 2,411,207 3,410,663 8,711 27,094 1,886,282 1,006,282 3,160 18,501 18,501 18,457 1,061 1,450 885,636 3,160 10,293 10,948 2,411,207 8,711 1,450 885,636 10,293 10,948 2,411,207 8,711 1,769 10,293 10,947 2,332,706 7,650 1,061 10,048 10,547 1,061 1,061 10,048 10,047 1,061 1,061 10,048 1,061 1,061 1,061														
Une year . 100,293 123,765 2,411,207 3,410,663 8,711 27,054 1,866,282 1 av .														
100,293 123,785 2,411,207 3,410,663 6,711 27,094 1,606,202 1 1,000,624 1,000,624 1 1,000,6	he year													
3.160 32.392.706 3.382.206 7.650 25.644 1,000,624 1,000,	7001 . ,		2,411,207	3,410,663	8,711	27.094	1,886,282	1.868,107	19,157	33,659	3,836	7,824	1,429,546	5,471,112
3,160 18,501 18,457 1,061 1,450 885,656 10,040 2,411,207 - 8,711 - 1, 1,051 1,	78 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ł	J	3,362,206	7,650	448	1,000,624	1,214,270	16,448	31,745	3,896	7,824	3,514,598	4,792,294
	7		18,501	18,457	1,061	1,450	885,656	653.837	2,709	1,914			914,948	678.818
- 100,253 10,949 2,411,207 - 8,711 - 93,274 10,847 2,392,706 7,650 - 7,019 1 18,501 - 1,061 - 1,061														
7,019 T 18,507 1,0650 7,650 - 7,019 T 18,507 1,061		100,293	10,948	2,411,207		8,711		1,886,282		19,157		3,896	10,948	4,429,548
7,019 t 18,501 - 1,061		93.274	10,947	2,392,706	·	7.650		1,000.824	٠	16,448	٠	3.896	10,947	3,514,598
	' 	7,019		18,501		1,061		885,658	•	2,709	•		-	914,948
Net earned revenue from withten premiums - 7,025 18,916 25,404 53,226 1,039 3,643 865,381 760,088		ļ	25,404	53,226	1,039	3,643	865,381	760,088	2,378	10,355			722,106	846.228

These amounts represent addendum, cancellations and re-insurance shares for policies pertaining to prior periods and resulting from the acquisition of Yarmouk Insurance Company.

FIRST INSURANCE COMPANY - PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING COMPANY STATEMENT OF CLAIMS COST FOR GENERAL INSURANCE OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Motors	¥	Marine	2	Fire and Properties	operates	yilidei	μį	Medical	77	Other Classes	sesser	Assistance	83	Total	73
	2016	25	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	9102	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
	육	g	ę	g	g	5	Ig	ļ	ę	ę	용	8	ę	ę	ę	ę
Pard dams	39,312	140,517	124,473	202,873	1,346,696	387,847	22.654	11,099	1,734,841	2,616,395	2,403	4,262	•	148	3,270,379	3,363,141
Less:																
Recoveries	31,881	102,427	ſ	6,546	1,630	17,580	55	•	,	•	ሄ	283	•	•	33,710	126,756
Local reinsurers' share	2,630	679			8	91,591	2,555	1,648	•		272	87		•	5,837	94,199
Foreign reinsurers' share		,	118,249	192,729	1,336,078	276,611	17,707	2,965	1,127,772	1,698,304	1,430	3,384	'	148	2,601,236	2,174,141
Not pald claims	4,751	37,417	6.224	3,598	8,958	2,065	2287	6,286	690'209	918,091	307	588	•		629,596	968,045
Add:																
Outstanding dailins reserve at the end																
of the year																
Reported	155,003	405,500	92,923	160.689	129,164	1,006,504	93,730	91,810	8,612	106,119	17.000	10,210	,	,	496.432	1,780,832
Unepoiled		•	009	9	909	99	5	5	28,536	245,114	1250	1,250	•	٠	31,086	247,664
Loss																
Reingurers' share	31,410	31,410	87,672	152,650	110,711	983,876	40,613	19,846	24,146	217,387	13,614	8,458			308,166	1,413,627
Recoveries		٠		ا.				,	ا،	اً,		اً.		اً.		۱,
Net outstanding claims reserve at the end																
of the year																
Reported	123,593	374,090	5251	8,039	18,453	22,628	53,117	71,964	(15,534)	(111,268)	3,386	1,752	•	•	188,266	367,205
Unreported			009	909	8	8	5	6	28,536	245,114	1,250	<u>x</u>	•		31,086	247,664
Less:																
Net outstanding claims reserve at the																
beginning of the year																
Reported	405.500	651,385	160,689	316,500	1,006,504	1,110,622	91,810	94,930	106,119	48,558	10,210	11,755	•		1,780,832	2,244,250
Unreported	,		9	9	9	8	50	5	245,114	318,534	1,250	1,250	,	•	247,664	321,084
Less:																
Reinsurers' share	31,410	108,360	152,650	284.826	983,876	1,055,022	19,846	17,569	217,387	239,610	8.458	906'6			1,413,627	1,714,293
Recoveries	1	78,594					$\cdot $					اً.				78,594
Net outstanding dalms reserve at the																
beginning of the year	374,090	474,931	8,639	32,274	2 2 2 3	26.200	72064	77.461	133,846	128,482	3,002	3,039			614,869	772,448
Net claims cost	(245,746)	(62,424)	3,436	(20,037)	4,763	(30,907)	(18,560)	8	486,225	923,455	¥.	491	اً	اً.	224.079	810.467

The accompanying notes from 1 to 43 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

FIRST INSURANCE COMPANY - PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING COMPANY STATEMENT OF UNDERWRITING PROFIT (LOSS) FOR GENERAL INSURANCE OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Motors	g	Marine	9	Fire and other property	ег рлорелу	Liability		Medical	3	Other Clesses	2368	Assistance	ğ	Total	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
	9	8	9	9	9	ą	9	ę	ę	9	ę	g	G,	Q	9	ę,
Net earned revenues from written																
premiums			7,025	18,918	25,404	53.228	1,039	3,643	905,362	750,088	2,377	10,355	•		722,109	846,228
Less:																
Not claims cost	(245,746)	(63,424)	3,436	(20,037)	4,783	(30,907)	(16,560)	£63	486,225	923,455	3 .	491			234,079	810,467
Add:																
Commissions received	å	•	86,010	125.03	\$225	652,864	ĝ	8,160	•	176,957	Ŕ	15,038	22	3,662	91,527	1,479,416
Insurance policies issuance fees			785	7,502	823	81,385	•	462	2,218	107,190	89	1,654		1,582	3.625	199,775
Total reverbuss	245,748	63,426	180,081	109,776	26,680	616,382	17.577	8,376	381,375	683,194	607	26,556	24	5,244	762,300	1,714,952
Less										•						
Commissions paid			•	3,138	(132)	45,099	•	1,430	108.691	393,846	(3,0)	2,543		379	106.484	446,435
Excess of loss premiums	•		•	8,991	•	33,952	•	•				•				42,933
General and administrative expenses																
related to underwriting	,		•	104,343	•	547,172	•	2,998	•	410,757	•	8,756	٠	2,465	•	1,076,493
General insurance porticilo management																
fees"	6,880	•	29,782	•	228,672		7)96d	•	303,597	•	42			•	572,316	•
Other expenses related to underwriting			ន្ត	22	542	1,289	83	ន	14,090	12,539	103	107	28	187	15,515	15,098
Total Expenses	6.860		22,105	117,387	236.482	627,512	3,993	4.481	424,378	817,142	83	11,406	8	3,031	694,315	1,580,959
Underwriting profit for the year	238,866	63,424	67,986	(7,611)	(209'802)	190,870	13,584	3,895	(43,003)	(133,948)	328	15,150	£	2,213	67,985	133,993

^{*} The fees for managing the general insurance portfolio were set by the Shari'a Board at %17.5 from paid claims. These fees are allocated among different lines of business proportional to their paid claims.

The accompanying notes from 1 to 43 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

(1) GENERAL

First Insurance Company (the "Company") was established on 28 December 2006 and registered as a public shareholding company under Ilcense No. (424) with an authorized paid in capital of JD 24,000,000 divided into 24,000,000 shares at JD 1 per share. The headquarter is located in Amman – Jordan.

On 2 April 2016, the Group acquired 76.25% of Yarmouk Insurance Company's capital, which conducts its operations in Jordan. The Extraordinary General Assembly has agreed in their meeting, held on 2 November 2016, to transfer their entire share, which consists of 100% of Yarmouk Insurance Company capital (the merged company), to First Insurance Public Shareholding Company. As a result of the merger, Yarmouk Insurance Company was dissolved and First Insurance Public Shareholding Company was declared as the legal success with an authorized paid in capital of JD 28,000,000 divided into 28,000,000 shares at 1 JD per share.

The Company engages in several insurance activities that compiles with Islamic regulation, including fire and natural hazards, medical, accidents, motors, goods in transit, other damages for properties, public liability, supplement insurance, ships insurance, ships responsibility and aviation.

The consolidated financial statements comprise the results of Takaful Insurance Operations for First Insurance Company and the results of General Insurance Operations for the merged company (Yarmouk Insurance Company). These results will be presented separately in the supplemental Insurance Operations Information accompanying the consolidated financial statements, and will continue to do so, up to the date in which the General Insurance policies from the acquisition process expire.

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors during their meeting on 22 February 2017 and are subject to the approval of the Shareholders General Assembly.

(2) BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and in conformity with applicable local laws.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared according to the historical cost convention except for the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income which are stated at fair value at the date of the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statement have been presented in Jordanian Dinar (JD) which is the functional currency of the Group.

A. Basis of consolidation

The consolldated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group") were the Company holds control over the subsidiaries. The control exists when the Company controls the subsidiaries significant and relevant activities and is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with subsidiaries and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the subsidiaries. All balances, transactions, income, and expenses between the Company and subsidiaries are eliminated.

Company name	Main activity	Ownership percentage	Country	Capital	Establishment year
Baden for Trading and Investment	Investing	100%	Jordan	5,000	2016
Mulkeyat for Trading and Investment	Investing	100%	Jordan	50,000	2010

Mulkeyat for Trading and Investment was establishment on 10 August 2010 and registered as a limited liability Company under license No. (22534) with paid in capital of JD 50,000.

Baden for Trading and Investment was established on 5 June 2016 and registered as a limited liability Company under license number (44259) with a capital of JD 5,000.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as the parent company (Takaful Insurance Company) and using consistent accounting policies. If different accounting policies were applied by the subsidiaries, adjustments shall be make on their financial statements in order to comply with those of the Company.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Company. The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal, as appropriate.

B. Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those used in the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 except for the followings:

Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements (Amendments to IAS 27 and IFRS 1)

In August 2014, the IASB amended IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements which restore the option for entities, in the separate financial statements, to account for investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures using the equity method as described in IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures. A consequential amendment was also made to IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards. The amendment to IFRS 1 allows a first-time adopter accounting for investments in the separate financial statements using the equity method, to apply the IFRS 1 exemption for past business combinations to the acquisition of the investment.

IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements - Amendments to IAS 1

The amendments to IAS 1 include narrow-focus improvements related to:

- Materiality
- Disaggregation and subtotals
- Notes structure
- Disclosure of accounting policies
- Presentation of items of other comprehensive income (OCI) arising from equity accounted investments

Investment entitles (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28)

The amendments address the issues arising in practice in the application of the investment entities consolidation exception and clarify that:

- The exemption from presenting consolidated financial statements applies to a parent entity that
 is a subsidiary of an investment entity, when the investment entity measures all of its
 subsidiaries at fair value.
- Subsidiary that is not an investment entity itself and provides support services to the investment entity is consolidated. All other subsidiaries of an investment entity are measured at fair value.
- Application of the equity method by a non-investment entity that has an interest in an associate
 or joint venture that is an investment entity: The amendments to IAS 28 investments in
 Associates and Joint Ventures allow the investor, when applying the equity method, to retain the
 fair value measurement applied by the investment entity associate or joint venture to its
 interests in subsidiaries.

Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38: Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization

The amendments clarify the principle in IAS 16 and IAS 38 that revenue reflects a pattern of economic benefits that are generated from operating a business (of which the asset is part) rather than the economic benefits that are consumed through use of the asset. As a result, a revenue-based method cannot be used to depreciate property, plant and equipment and may only be used in very limited circumstances to amortize intangible assets.

Amendments to IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements; Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests

The amendments to IFRS 11 require that a joint operator accounting for the acquisition of an interest in a joint operation, in which the activity of the joint operation constitutes a business, must apply the relevant IFRS 3 principles for business combinations accounting. The amendments also clarify that a previously held interest in a joint operation is not remeasured on the acquisition of an additional interest in the same joint operation while joint control is retained. In addition, a scope exclusion has been added to IFRS 11 to specify that the amendments do not apply when the parties sharing joint control, including the reporting entity, are under common control of the same ultimate controlling party.

The amendments apply to both the acquisition of the initial interest in a joint operation and the acquisition of any additional interests in the same joint operation.

The implementation of the new amendments did not have impact on the Group's financial position or performance and became effective for annual periods which started from 1 January 2016.

C. Accounting policies:

Segments Information

Business sectors represent group of assets and activities which cooperate together in providing products and services subject to risks and returns different from those related to other sectors which are measured based on the reports used by the chief executive officer and the decision maker in the company.

Geographical sector is associated with providing products and services in specified economical environment subject to risks and returns different from those related to other sectors in the economical environment.

Financial assets at amortized cost:

- Financial assets that the Company's management aims, according to its business model to hold the assets to collect their contractual cash flows and that the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows constituting solely principal and profit on the outstanding principal amounts.
- Debt instruments meeting these criteria are initially measured at amortized cost plus transaction costs. Subsequently they are amortized using the effective profit rate method less allowance for impairment. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the income statement.
- The amount of the impairment consists of the difference between the book value and present value of the expected future cash flows discounted at the original effective profit rate.
- It is not permitted to reclassify assets to or from this category except in certain circumstances
 determined in the International Financial Reporting Standards. If these assets are sold before
 maturity date, gain or loss from sale is recorded in a separate line item within the income
 statement and disclosing it in accordance with the requirements of International Financial
 Reporting Standards.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Equity investments that are not held for sale in the near future.

These financial instruments are initially measured at their fair value plus transaction costs.

Subsequently, they are measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising on subsequent measurement of these equity investments including the change in fair value arising from non-monetary assets in foreign currencies are recognized in other comprehensive income in the statement of changes in equity. The gain or loss on disposal of the asset is reclassified from fair value through other comprehensive income reserve to retained earnings.

It is not permitted to reclassify assets to or from this category except in certain circumstances determined in the International Financial Reporting Standards.

These financial assets are not subject to impairment testing.

Dividend income is recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

Date of recognition of financial assets

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the trading date which is the date the Company commits itself to purchase or sell the financial assets.

Fair value

Fair value represents the closing exchange price of financial assets and derivatives on the date of the financial statements.

In case declared exchange prices do not exist, active trading of some financial assets and derivatives is not available, or the exchange is inactive, fair value is estimated by one of several methods including the following:

- Comparison with the fair value of another financial asset with similar terms and conditions.
- Analysis of the present value of expected future cash flows for similar instruments.
- Adoption of the option pricing models.

The valuation methods aim at providing a fair value reflecting the expectations of the exchange, expected risks and expected benefits.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. If such evidence exists, the recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the amount of impairment loss to be recognized in the consolidated income statement.

Investment property

Investment property is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation (except land). Impairment loss is recorded in the statement of income. Any profit or operating expense arising from as a result is recorded in the consolidated statement of income. Depreciation is computed for investment property (except land) on a straight-line basis on its expected useful life using annual depreciation rates 2-20%.

Investment property is valued in accordance with Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply- Insurance Administration regulations, and its fair value is disclosed in the investment property note.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances with banks and financial institutions maturing within three months, less restricted funds.

Reinsurance

The Company cedes insurance risk in the normal course of business for all classes of business. Reinsurance assets represent balances due from reinsurance and insurance companies. Reinsurance operations consists of the quota, optional reinsurance, exceeding losses agreements, and other types of reinsurance mainly to cover all insurance types, reinsurance contracts are not exempted from its obligations against policyholders, where the failure of reinsurers to meet their obligations may lead to losses for the company therefore, provisions are recognized for the uncollectable amounts. Recoverable amounts are calculated in a manner consistent with the outstanding claims provision and are in accordance with the reinsurance contract.

Reinsurers' accounts

Reinsures' shares of insurance contributions, paid claims, technical provisions, and all other rights and obligations resulting from reinsurance based on contracts concluded between the Company and reinsures are accounted for on the accrual basis.

impairment of reinsurance assets

In case there is any indication as to the impairment of the reinsurance assets of the Company, which possesses the reinsured contract, the Company has to reduce the present value of the contracts, and record the impairment it in the statement of policyholders revenues and expenses. The impairment is recognized in the following cases only:

- 1- There is objective evidence resulting from an event that took place after the recording of the reinsurance assets confirming the Company's inability to recover all the amounts under the contracts terms.
- 2- The event has a reliably and early measurable effect on the amounts that the Company will recover from reinsurers.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. Depreciation is computed for property and equipment (except land) when it is ready for use on a straight-line basis using annual depreciation rates as follows:

	_%
Bulldings	2
Offices	2
Equipment, furniture & fixture	10 - 20
Vehicles	15
Decor	10 - 20

Depreciation is calculated for property and equipment when these assets are ready for their intended use.

Properly and equipment at progress (for the Company's Intended use or lease or undetermined purposes) are stated at cost less accumulated impairment loss.

The carrying values of property and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying values may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amounts, the assets are written down to their recoverable amount, and the impairment is recorded in the consolidated income statement.

Useful life of property and equipment is reviewed annually, and changes in the expected useful life are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

When assets are sold or retired, their cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts and any gain or loss resulting from their disposal is included in the income statement.

An item of property and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired through business combinations are recorded at their fair value on that date. Other intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over the useful economic lives, while intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are assessed for impairment at each reporting date or when there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired.

Internally generated intangible assets are not capitalized and are expensed in the consolidated statement of income.

Indications of impairment of Intangible assets are reviewed for and their useful economic lives are reassessed at each reporting date. Adjustments are reflected in the current and subsequent periods.

Intangible assets include computer software and software licenses. These intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over their estimated economic useful lives of 4 years.

Accounts receivables

Accounts receivable are stated at original invoice amount less an allowance for any uncollectible amounts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of any amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off when there is no possibility of recovery.

Total - Liability Takaful Insurance

2012

	And prior					
The year of the accident	years	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD
As at year end	11,942	2,550	455	2,602	228,221	245,770
After one year	52,981	101	2,759	1,070	•	57,911
After two years	12,555	300	1,203	-	•	14,058
After three years	75,101	300	•	-		75,401
After four years	84,451	 -	<u> </u>		-	84,451
Current expectation for the accumulated claims	84,451	300	1,203	1,070	228,221	315,245
Accumulated payments	41,709	300	1,203	68	-	43,280
Liability as shown in the financial statements*	42,742		<u> </u>	1,002	228,221	271,985
Deficit in the preliminary estimate for reserve	(72,509)	2,250	(748)	1,532	•	(69,475)

^{*} Represents the reported and unreported claims

Total -Liability General Insurance

2012

	And prior					
The year of the accident	years	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
	JD	ĴD	JD	JD	JD	JD
As at year end	151,762	45,080	4,800	6,285	100	208,027
After one year	133,292	41,986	6,000	6.355	-	187,633
After two years	133,822	44,338	6,180	•	-	184,340
After three years	134,352	44,338	-	-	-	183,690
After four years	134,352	<u> </u>	_		<u> </u>	134,352
Current expectation for the accumulated claims	134,352	44,338	6,180	6,355	100	196,325
Accumulated claims	52,057	45,338	5,100			102, <u>4</u> 95
Liability as shown in the financial statements	82,295	4,000	1,080	6,355	100	93,830
Reported claims	82,295	4,000	1,080	6,355	-	93,830
Unreported claims	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	100	100
Deficit in the preliminary estimate for reserve	17,410	(4,258)	(1,380)	(70)		11,702

Total - General Accidents Takaful Insurance

2012

	And prior					
The year of the accident	years	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD
As at year end	93,240	43,136	105,764	10,148	147,740	400,028
After one year	55,126	42,904	94,679	6,641	•	199,350
After two years	50,487	43,628	93,767	•	•	187,882
After three years	49,712	35,621	•	-	-	85,333
After four years	51,957		<u> </u>			51,957
Current expectation for the accumulated claims	51,957	35,621	93,767	6,641	147,740	335,726
Accumulated payments	41,150	1,835	82,179	5,141	-	130,305
Liability as shown in the financial statements*	10,807	33,786	11,588	1,500	147,740	205,421
Surplus in the preliminary estimate for reserve	41,283	7,515	11,997	3,507		64,302

^{*} Represents the reported and unreported claims

Total - General Accidents General Insurance

2012

The year of the accident	And prior years	2013	2014	2015	2016 _	Total
	JD -	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD
As at year end	177,079	1,500	2,079	2,989	1,250	184,897
After one year	176,242	1,550	2,150	2,325	-	182,267
After two years	176,242	1,550	2,150	-	-	179,942
After three years	176,242	1,550	-	-	•	177,792
After four years	176,242	<u> </u>	-			176,242
Current expectation for the accumulated claims	176,242	1,550	2,150	2,325	1,250	183,517
Accumulated claims	159,512	1.550	2,006	2,199	-	165,267
Liability as shown in the financial statements	16,730		144	126	1,250	18,250
Reported claims	16,730	•	144	126	-	17,000
Unreported claims			<u> </u>		1,250	1,250
Deficit in the preliminary estimate for reserve	837	(50)	(71)	664		1,380

Total - Medical Takaful Insurance

Surplus in the preliminary estimate for reserve

The year of the accident	2012 And prior years	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
110 700 0 112	JD	JD _	JD	JD	JD	JD
As at year end	276,578	331,575	638,955	571,603	1,071,159	2,889,870
After one year	280,730	280,134	433,507	440,757	-	1,435,128
After two years	280,730	280,134	433,507	-	-	994,371
After three years	280,730	280,134	-	-	•	560,864
After four years	280,730			•		280,730
Current expectation for the accumulated claims	280,730	280,134	433,507	440,757	1,071,159	2,506,287
Accumulated payments	280,730	280,134	433,507	440,757	-	1,435,128
Liability as shown in the financial statements*	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		1,071,159	1,071,159
Surplus in the preliminary estimate for reserve	(4,152)	51,441	205,448	130,846		383,583
* Represents the reported and unreported claims						
Total – General Medical Insurance						
	2012					
	And prior					
The year of the accident	years	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD
As at year end	6,470,134	1,057,297	2,579,116	2,967,628	37,148	13,111,323
After one year	6,510,134	1,092,931	2,508,499	2,866,395	•	12,977,959
After two years	6,510,134	1,092,931	2,508,499	-	-	10,111,564
After three years	6,510,134	1092,931	-	•	•	7,603,065
After four years	6,510,134					6,510,134
Current expectation for the accumulated claims	6,510,134	1,092,931	2,508,499	2,866,395	37,148	13,015,107
Accumulated claims	6,510,134	1,092,931	2,508,499	2,866,395	. •	12,977,959
Liability as shown in the financial statements	•	<u>-</u>	-	-	37 <u>,148</u>	37,1 <u>48</u>
Reported claims		-	-	-	8,612	8,612
Unreported claims					28,536	28,536

(40,000)

(35,634)

70,617

101,233

96,21<u>6</u>

Total - General Life Insurance

2017	Z
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•	And prior					
The year of the accident	years	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD
As at year end	-	-	-	-	27,570	27,570
After one year	-	•	-	-		-
After two years	-	•		•		•
After three years	•	-	•	•	•	•
After four years					•	
Current expectation for the accumulated claims	•	•	•		-	
Accumulated claims						
Liability as shown in the financial statements		_	•	•	27,570	27,570
Reported claims	-	-	-	-	27,570	27,570
Unreported claims			-	•	•	•
Surplus (deficit) in the preliminary estimate for						
reserve			_ •		-	-

Total - General Life Insurance

2	V	1	Z	

	And prior					
The year of the accident	years	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD
As at year end	195,258	212,389	222,625	420,882	52,377	1,108,531
After one year	190,291	177,954	243,420	-	-	1,046,611
After two years	190,291	177,954	243,420	-		611,665
After three years	190,291	177,954	-	-	-	368,245
After four years	190,291		-	-	•	190,291
Current expectation for the accumulated claims	190,291	177,954	243,420	434,946	52,377	1,098,988
Accumulated claims	190,291	177,954	243,420	434,946_	- ,	1,046,611
Liability as shown in the financial statements	-	-	-	-	52,377	52,377
Reported claims	-	-	-	•	52,377	52,377
Unreported claims			<u> </u>			
Surplus (deficit) in the preliminary estimate for						
reserve	4,967	39,435	(20,795)	(14,064)		9,543

3) INSURANCE RISKS CONCENTRATION

The following tables demonstrate the risks concentration per insurance type and the geographical distribution.

The concentration of Takaful insurance contracts liabilities per their Takaful insurance classification is as follows:

	201	16	20	15
Insurance line of business	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
	JD	JD	JD	JD
Motors	11,025,320	9,371,216	10,205,093	8,894,868
Marine	733,112	55,324	321,118	36,430
Aviation	65,217	-	88,302	-
Fire and other property	6,884,167	70,630	4,089,878	52,565
Llabilities	688,585	40,051	294,363	11,465
Medical	6,175,108	3,967,863	4,243,261	1,839,272
Other classes	1,237,746	117,037	534,863	41,875
Life	376,399	101,357		
	27,185,654	13,723,478	19,776,878	10,876,475

The following table demonstrate the concentration of general insurance policies liabilities per type of the insurance:

	2016	<u> </u>	201	5	
Insurance line	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	
	JD	JD	JD	JD	
Motors	155,003	123,593	405,500	374,090	
Marine	93,523	5,851	261,582	15,658	
Fire and other property	140,712	19,054	3,418,311	41,729	
Liabilities	93,830	53,217	100,621	73,125	
Other	18,250	4,636	30,617	5,711	
Medical	37,148	13,002	2,237,515	1,019,504	
Aid	-	-	3,896	-	
Life	52,377	45,925	243,298	68,9 <u>58</u>	
Total	590,843	265,278	6,701,340	1,598,775	

The table below demonstrates the distribution of the insurance contracts assets and liabilities per sector:

•	Ass	ets	Liabilities		
Sectors	2016	2015	2016	2015	
	JD	JD	JD	JD	
Companies and institutions	14,527,525	12,443,098	10,654,099	5,999,562	
Retail	382,562	470,482	29,116	192,162	
	14,910,087	12,913,580	10,583,215	6,191,724	

The following table demonstrates the concentration of all insurance contracts assets and liabilities in Jordan:

	2016			2015		
	Assels	Liabilities	Off balance sheet items	Assets	Liabilities	Off balance sheet items
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD
Other Middle East						
countries	5,282,822	14,575,916	-	245,570	2,787,809	-
Europe	6,404,313	8,664,929	-	530,859	1,562,854	-
Inside Jordan	45,258,599	2169,380	1,233,735	50,635,920	16,972,846	698,212
	56,945,734	25,410,225	1,233,735	51,412,349	21,323,509	698,212

4) REINSURANCE RISKS

As in all other Takaful insurance companies, and for the purpose of reducing the financial losses which might arise from large insurance claims, the Company enters into reinsurance agreements with other parties.

To reduce the risks of large financial losses as a result of the insolvency of the reinsurance companies, the Company evaluates the financial position of the reinsurance companies, which it deals with and monitors credit risk concentration resulting from the geographical areas and the activities or the economic components which are identical to these firms. The issued takaful reinsurance agreements do not exempt the Company from its liabilities against the takaful policyholders, and as a result to that the Company remains liable for the balance of reinsurance in the case of the reinsurance inability of meeting their commitment regarding to the reinsurance agreements.

5) INSURANCE RISK SENSITIVITY

The table below demonstrate the effect of possible changes in the prices of written contributions on the consolidated income statement and consolidated changes in shareholders equity, with all variable held constant.

2016 <u>Takaful Type</u>	Change %	Effect on the written contributions	Effect on policyholders current account before tax	Effect on the policyholders current account after tax
Motors Marine and transport Aviation Fire and other property Liabilities Medical Life Other classes Total	10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1,080,131 125,999 25,008 1,048,993 72,841 1,098,577 141,583 173,878	8,943,16 10,235 - 9,204 3,144 485,995 30,051 14,234 1,447,179	8,943,16 10,235 - 9,204 3,144 485,995 30,051 14,234 1,447,179
Insurançe Type	Change %	Effect on the written premiums	Effect on policyholders current account before tax	tax
Insurance Type Life Motors Marine and transport Aviation Fire and other property Liabilities Aid Medical Other classes	Change % 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	written	policyholders current account	policyholders current account after

2015 <u>Takaful Type</u>	_Change	Effect on the written contributions	Effect on policyholders current account before tax	Effect on the policyholders current account after tax
	%	JD	JD	JD
Motors	10	1,099,278	821,585	624,405
Marine and transport	10	103,237	10,659	8,101
Aviation	10	31,355	-	-
Fire and other property	10	591,530	5,718	4,346
Liabilities	10	42,497	1,972	1,499
Medical	10	681,919	266,309	202,395
Other classes	10	82,853	6,298	4,786
Total		2,632,669	1,112,541	845,532

If there is a negative change, the effect equals the change above with an opposite sign

B) Financial Risks-

The Company follows financial policies to manage the variables risks with clear strategies; also the Company's management controls the risks and makes strategic distribution to both the financial assets and financial liabilities, including interest rate risks, credit risks, currency risks and exchange risks.

The Company uses hedging policy for financial assets and financial liabilities whenever it is needed.

1) Market Risks-

The market risks include fair value or cash flow changes of the financial instruments as a result of changes in the market prices such as profit rates, currency prices and shares price. Market risks arise as a result of having opened positions of profit rates, currency and investing in shares.

Market risks and its monitoring are measured using sensitivity analysis.

Profit rate risk-

The Company is exposed to profit rate risk on assets and liabilities which have profit rates such as deposits at banks.

The profit rate ranged on the banks deposits from 2.5% to 3.5%.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the consolidated statement of income to the possible changes in profit rates as 31 December 2016 and 2015, with all other variables held constant.

The sensitivity of the consolidated income statement is the effect of the assumed changes in profit rates on the Company's profit for one year based on the floating rate financial assets and financial liabilities held at 31 December.

	Increase in profit <u>rates</u> %	Effect on profit before tax
2016 -		
JD	1	92,126
USD	1	14,180
Total		106,306
2015 -		
JD	1	122,477
USD	1	
Total		122,477

If there is negative change, the effect equals the change above with an opposite sign.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk of change in the value of financial instruments as a result of change in foreign currency rates. The Jordanian Dinar is the functional currency of the Company. The Board sets position limits for each foreign currency in the Company. These positions are monitored on daily basis, and hedging strategies are adopted to ensure that the foreign currency positions held are within the approved limits.

Most of the Company's transactions are in Jordanian Dinars and US Dollars. The Jordanian Dinars exchange rate is fixed against the US Dollar (US\$ 1/41 for 1 JD). Accordingly the Company is not exposed to significant currency risk.

The following represents the foreign currency concentration in the Company:

	Foreign (Foreign Currency		alent	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
			JD	JD	
USD	2,590,060	1,077,193	1,836,352	763,730	

Equity price risk

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity analysis for the consolidated income statement and the cumulative change in fair value, as a result of any possible changes in equity instruments prices:

	Change in exchange index	Effect on equity
	(%)	JD
2016 -		
Amman stock exchange	10	182,673
Stock – outside of Jordan	10	224,060
2015 -		
Amman stock exchange	10	270,855
Stock – outside of Jordan	10	223,410

If there is a negative change the effects equal the change above with an opposite sign.

2) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will not be able to meet its obligations as they fall due. The company manages such risk by diversifying its financial resources, managing its assets and liabilities, and maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities.

The company monitors its liquidity requirements on a monthly basis and management ensures that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities (based on the remaining year of maturity as the date of the consolidated financial statements):

	Less (han	1 month to 3		6 month to 1		More than	Without	
	month	<u>months</u>	3-6 months	years	1-3 years	_3 years	Maturity	Total
2016 -	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD
Liabijities:								
Accounts payable	7,808	1,203,243	120,073	-	-	•	•	1,331,124
Accrued expenses	30,609	42,927	-	-	•	-	-	73,538
Reinsurance payables	-	3,700,836	3,238,232	2,313,023		•	•	9,252,091
Other provisions	-	•	43,333	•	162,000	•	-	205,333
Income tax provision	•	-	•	•	27,586	-	-	27,586
Deferred tax (labilities	-	•	•	•	1,370	-	-	1,370
Other flabilities	174,909	355,520					<u>- </u>	530,429
Total liabilities	213,325	5,302,526	3,401,638	2,313,023	190,956			11,421,469
Total Assets	12,896,415	7,446,668	1,951,070	9,480,048	1,255,848	6,306,652	17,609,033	58,945,734

2015 -	Less than month JD	1 month to 3 months JD	3-6 months_	6 month to 1 years JD	1-3 years JD	More than 3 years JD	Wilhout Malurity JD	Tolal JD
Llabilities:								
Accounts payable	290,900	253,262	275,310	115,905	•		•	935,377
Accrued expenses	1,200	7,500	10,181	27,238	-	-	•	46,119
Reinsurance payables	-	1,904,313	1,662,255	1,689,779	•	-	-	5,256,347
Other provisions	-	•	35,000	70,016	-		144,465	249,481
Income tax provision	100,000	11,144	168,539	•	-	-	76,579	356,262
Deferred tax liabilities	•	•	•	•	-	•	9,500	9,500
Other liabilities	199,888	198,030	299,336	173,055	1,124,864			1,995,173
Total Habililles	591,988	2,374,249	2,450,621	2,075,993	1,124,864		230,544	8,848,259
Total Assets	17,237,048	5,526,649	4,632,132	5,694,070	4,625,925		13,696,625	51,412,349

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.

The Company believes it is not exposed to significant credit risk as it sets credit limits to its customer and monitors the outstanding receivable regularly. The company also deposits its cash balances with reputable financial institutions.

The Company is engaged in a variety of insurance types for a large number of clients. Its largest 10 customers account for 48% of the outstanding of account receivables at 31 December 2016 (2015: 51%).

(37) ANALYSIS OF BUSINESS SECTORS

A- Background Information On The Company's Business Segments

For management purposes, the company measures its insurance segments in accordance with the reports used by the Executive Manager and the Group's primary decision maker to include the General Takaful insurance sector which compromised (motors, marine, fire, accidents, medical and aviation insurance). This sector is the base used by the company to disclose information related to key sectors, the mentioned sector also includes the company's investments and cash management. Transactions between business sectors are based on estimated market prices with the same terms used with other market participants.

B- Geographical Distribution

The following disclosure demonstrates geographical distribution of the Company's operation. The Company mainly conducts its operations in Jordan.

The following table depicts the distribution of gross income and capital expenditures based on their pertaining geographical distribution:

	31 December						
	Inside Jordan		Outside Jordan		Total		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	
Total revenues	17,264,932	14,463,082	1,940,438	2,517,673	25,565,331	21,656,384	
Capital expenditure	388,302	3,644,963	•	-	388,302	3,644,963	

The following table demonstrates the concentration of assets, liabilities and off balance sheet Items per their pertaining geographical distribution:

	31 December				
	Ass	els	Liabi	lilies	
	2016			2015	
	JD	<u> Jp</u>	JD	JD	
Inside Jordan	45,258,599	48,504,900	21,059,562	15,170,623	
Other middle east countries	11,687,135	2,907,449	4,350,663	6,152,886	
	56,945,734	51,412,349	25,410,225	21,323,509	

(38) CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital in line with the regulations of the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply- Insurance Administration. These requirements were designed to ensure a suitable margin. Additional targets have been assigned by the Company in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes any necessary adjustments in light of changes in business conditions. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the current and previous years. The Board of Directors believe that the Company's capital structure is sufficient to cover the potential risks or liabilities that may arise.

The amount regarded by the Company as capital and the solvency margin are shown in the table below:

	31 December 2016 JD	31 December 2015
		JD
Available capital	31,372,170	30,554,080
Capital requirements to meet		
Assets risks	6,333,061	6,026,418
Underwriting liabilities	1,845,756	1,718,895
Reinsurers' credit risks	669,380	480,150
Life Insurance risk	1,243,273	412,194
Total capital regulrements	10,091,470	8,637,657
Solvency ratio	311%	354%

* Represents the Company's solvency ratio prior to deducting any excess in the limits imposed by the instructions of the Insurance Regulatory Act (Instruction (2) of 2006- Instructions of The Basis of Investing the Funds of the Insurance Company and Determining the Nature and the Location of the Insurance Company's Assets that match its Insurance Obligations and the Amendments thereof).

(39) ASSETS AND LIABILITIES MATURITIES ANALYSIS

The following table illustrates the assets and liabilities according to its expected recoverability on settlement periods

2016	Up to 1 year	Over 1 year	Total
Assets-	JD	JD	JD
Deposits at banks	10,630,602	_	10,630,602
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	5,683,342	5.683.342
Financial assets at amortized cost	-	7,139,487	7,139,487
Investment properties	-	6,924,410	6,924,410
Cash on hand and at banks	5,113,703	•	5,113,703
Cheques under collection	1,789,773	93,120	1,882,863
Accounts receivable, net	12,106,825	•	12,106,825
Reinsurers' receivables	1,836,543	255,546	2,092,089
Deferred tax assets	-	341,214	341,214
Property and equipment, net	•	4,669,642	4,669,642
Inlangible assets	-	29,305	29,305
Projects under construction	-	35,476	35,476
Other assets	296,755	•	296,755
Total Assets	31,774,201	25,171,533	56,945,734
Liabilities			
Unearned contributions and premium reserve, net	7,860,757	_	7,860,757
Outstanding claims reserve, net	6,037,556	_	6,037,556
Mathematical reserve, net	90,443	_	90,443
Accounts payable	1,331,124	_	1,331,124
• •		•	
Accrued expenses	73,536	-	73,536
Reinsurers payables Other provisions	9,252,091	-	9,252,091
Other provisions Income tax provision	43,333	162,000	205,333
Deferred tax liabilities	• -	27,586 1,370	27,586
Other liabilities	- 530,429	1,370	1,370 530,429
Total Liabilities	25,219,269	190,956	25,410,225
Net	6,554,932	24,980,577	31,535,509

Amendments to IFRS 4 Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts

In September 2016, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 4 to address issues arising from the different effective dates of IFRS 9 and the upcoming new insurance contracts standard (IFRS 17). The amendments introduce two alternative options for entities issuing contracts within the scope of IFRS 4, a temporary exemption from implementing IFRS 9 to annual periods beginning before 1 January 2021 at latest and an overlay approach that allows an entity applying IFRS 9 to reclassify between profit or loss and other comprehensive income an amount that results in the profit or loss at the end of the reporting period for the designated financial assets being the same as if an entity had applied IAS 39 to these designated financial assets.

Transfers of Investment Property (Amendments to IAS 40)

The amendments clarify when an entity should transfer property, including property under construction or development into, or out of investment property. The amendments state that a change in use occurs when the property meets, or ceases to meet, the definition of investment property and there is evidence of the change in use. A mere change in management's intentions for the use of a property does not provide evidence of a change in use.

Entities should apply the amendments prospectively and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. Early application of the amendments is permitted and must be disclosed.

IFRIC Interpretation 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration

The interpretation clarifies that in determining the spot exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (or part of it) on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to advance consideration, the date of the transaction is the date on which an entity initially recognises the nonmonetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. Entities may apply the amendments on a fully retrospective or prospective basis. The new interpretation will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. Early application of interpretation is permitted and must be disclosed.

(11) REINSURERS RECEIVABLES, NET

	31			
	Policyholder	Shareholders	Total	31 December 2015
	JD	JD	JD	JD
Local reinsurance companies	767,720	74,000	841,720	1,241,224
Foreign reinsurance companies	1,052,242	317,598	1,369,840	776,429
Total	1,819,962	391,598	2,211,560	2,017,653
Allowance for the reinsurance				
recelvables	<u>(95,000)</u>	(24,471)	(119,471)	(109,471)
Reinsurance receivables, net	1,724,962	367,127	2,092,089	1,908,182

The movement on the allowance for the reinsurance receivables is as follows:

	31			
	Policyholder	Shareholders	Total	31 December 2015
	JD	JD	JD	JD
Balance at the beginning of the year	85,000	24,471	109,471	85,000
Additions	10,000	-	10,000	-
Additions due to the merger			<u> </u>	24,471
Balance at year end	95,000	24,471	119,471	109,471

The table below shows the ageing of the unimpaired reinsurance receivables:

		Past due but not impaired					
	Neither past						
	due nor	1-90	91-180	181-360	More		
	impaired	days	days	days	361 days	Total	
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	
31 December 2016							
Local Insurance companies	202,667	341,768	117,461	52,763	7,600	722,249	
Foreign reinsurance companies	-	1,011,703	197,950	142,796	17,391	1,369,840	
Shareholders							
	202,667	1,353,461	315,411	195,559	24,991	2,092,089	
31 December 2015-							
Local Insurance companies	-	820,610	136,691	61,007	•	1,018,308	
Foreign reinsurance companies	-	288,526	298,420	405	-	587,351	
Shareholders	85,000	55,339	17,518	144,666		302,523	
	85,000	1,164,475	452,629	206,078	-	1,908,182	

(12) INCOME TAX

A- Income tax provision

The movement on the income tax provision is as follows:

	31 December 2016			31 December 2015		
	Policyholders	Shareholders	Total	Policyholders	Shareholders	Tolal
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD
Balance at beginning of the year	16,581	339,681	358,262	52,873	288,124	340,997
Opening belance of the merged Company	-	•	-	•	9,485	9,485
Income tax paid	(11,923)	(338,617)	(350,540)	(67,293)	(369,056)	(438,349)
Income tax provision	28,800	10,080	38,880	31,001	412,663	443,664
Income tax on gain from sale of financial assets at fair						
value through other comprehensive income			-		(1,535)	(1,535)
Prior year income tax surplus	(5,872)	(11,144)	(17,016)			
Balance at end of the year	27,586		27,586	16,581	339,681	358,262

The income tax expense which appears in the consolidated statement of policyholders revenues and expenses and the consolidated income statement represents the following:

	31 Decen	nber 2016	31 Decer	nber 2015
	Policyholders	Shareholders	Policyholders	Shareholders
	JD	JD	JD	JD
Accrued income tax	28,800	10,080	31,001	412,663
Deferred tax asset	(5,872)	(11,144)	-	-
(Increase) decrease in deferred				
tax assets	(22,928)	(1,064)	(21,629)	(26,745)
Income tax expense for the year			9,372	385,918

Summary of reconcillation of accounting profit with taxable profit:

	2016*	2015
	JD	JD
Accounting (loss) profit	(496,564)	1,815,446
Non-taxable income and non-deductible expenses	158,147	(71,694)
Taxable (loss) profit	(338,417)	1,743,752
Effective tax rate		22%
Statutory tax rate	24%	24%

- * The information presented here pertains to the period form 1 January 2016 till 11 February 2016.
- On 18 November 2015, the successor (First Insurance Public Shareholding Company) was granted an Income tax exemption for three years from the Council of Ministers' based on Article No. (8/B) from the investments law No. (30) for the year 2014.
- The management and the tax consultant believe that the income tax provision is adequate as of 31 December 2016.
- Tax declaration forms for the year 2015 were submitted within the legal period. However, the income tax department did not finalize the review up to the date of the consolidated financial statements.
- Tax declaration forms for the year 2015 were submitted as part of the sample basis employed by the income tax department.
- A final clearance was obtained for 2013 tax returns.
- Tax declaration forms for the years from 2009 till 2015 were submitted within the legal period. However, the income tax department did not finalize their review up to the date of the consolidated financial statements.

B- Deferred tax assets

		31 0	December 2016			31 December 20 <u>15</u>
	Beginning Balance	Released Amounts	Additional amounts	Ending Balance	Deferred Tax	Deferred Tax
	JD	JD	JD .	JD	JD	JD
Deferred tax assets:						
Cumulative change in fair value for financial assets at fair value through other						
comprehensive	896,305	896,305	855,091	855,091	165,534	156,351
Allowance for doubtful debts	400,000	•	120,000	520,000	124,800	96,000
Allowance for doubtful debts resulting from the						
weiger	219,101	-	•	219,101	12,000	12,000
End of service provision	120,000	•	42,000	162,000	38,880	28,800
Cumulative change in fair value for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income resulting from the					·	
werder	308,536	308,536	•	-	-	74,049
End of service compensation resulting from the						
merger	46,433	46,433	•	-	-	11,144
Provision for Sharla' non -compilant transactions	24,465	24, <u>465</u>	•			5,872
	2,014,840	1,275,739	1,017,091	1,756,192	341,214	384,216
Deferred tax ilabilities: Cumulative change in fair values for financial assets at fair value through other						
comprehensive income	183,376	183,376	27,405	27,405	1,370	9,500

In 2015, the tax rate used to calculate deferred taxes in Jordan was 24% and the tax rate used to calculate deferred tax assets outside of Jordan was 10%.

In 2016, the tax rate on deferred taxes for the subsidiary is 20%, conformity with the Income Tax Law No. 34 for the year 2014.

Movement on the deferred tax assets/liabilities account is as follows:

	31 December 2016		31 Decem	ber 201 <u>5</u>
	Assets Liabilities		Assets	Liabilities
	JD	JD	JD	JD
Beginning Balance	384,216	9,500	206,094	5,885
Additions	204,414	1,370	282,344	9,500
Released	(247,416)	(9,500)	(104,222)	(5,885)
Ending Balance	341,214	1,370	384,216	9,500

(13) PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Equipment, furniture & Total Bulldings Offices* fixlure Vehicles Decoration Lands JD JD JD JD JD JD JĐ 2016 -Cost: 4,047,883 2,081,125 563,033 576,599 424,261 113,839 289,026 Balance at 1 January 2016 Additions 45,970 22,592 68.562 Transfers from investment 595,333 187,093 1,528,875 746,449 properties Balance at 31 December 2016 2,676,458 1,309,482 576,599 857,324 113,839 311,618 5,645,320 Accumulated depreciation: 616,508 Balance at 1 January 2016 5,198 42,476 282,267 30,429 266,138 Additions 11,569 50,510 21,987 18,431 116,824 14,327 Disposals 82,212 160,134 242,345 Balance at 31 December 2016 101,737 54,045 492,911 52,416 274,569 975,678 Net book value 37,049 at 31 December 2016 2,678,458 1,207,745 164,413 61,423 4,669,642 522,554 2016 -Cost: 2,596,558 Balance at 1 January 2015 1,329,625 576,599 326,156 83,101 281,077 Opening balance of the merged 60,000 362,823 73,010 28,352 2,097 524,282 company 95,093 210 26,295 62,736 5,852 Additions (58,350)(59,550)Disposals (1,200)Transfers resulting from the 891,500 691,600 200,000 563,033 576,599 424,261 113,839 289,026 4,047,883 Balance at 31 December 2015 2,081,125 Accumulated depreciation: 243,420 239,371 657,148 Balance at 1 January 2015 30,944 43,413 39,187 16,943 16,787 89,627 Additions 5,198 11,532 (30,267)Disposals (340)(29,927)Balance at 31 December 2015 5,198 42,476 282,267 30,429 256,138 616,508 Net book value at 31 December 2016 2,081,125 557,835 534,123 141,994 83,410 32,888 3,431,375

^{*} The offices are considered part of the policyholders' assets.

(14) INTANGIBLE ASSETS

1.1,	Software and computer programs		
	31 December 2016	31 December 2015	
Cost:	JD	JD	
Balance at 1 January Opening balance of the merged company Additions Amortization	15,784 - 27,964 (14,443)	4,362 18,515 1,683 (8,776)	
Balance at 31 December	29,305	15,784	

(15) PROJECTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION

On September 2016, the Company commenced the construction of their new headquarter with a total estimated cost of JD 3 million.

The new headquarter will be located on a previously acquired land number 557, plot 13 Arkoub - Khalda, Swelih.

(16) OTHER ASSETS

	31 December 2016			3	1 December 2015	
	Policyholders	Shareholders	Total	Policyholders	Shareholders	Tole1
	JD	JD	JD		JD	JD
Accrued revenues	30,977	120,440	151,417	4,247	93,800	98,047
Prepaid expenses	1,520	69,612	71,132	•	94,867	94,867
Refundable insurance	69,090	5,116	74,206	-	9,904	9,904
Prepaid health insurance commission	•	•	•	•	50,332	50,332
Other	•	•	•	184	5,116	5,300
	101,587	195,168	296,755	4,431	254,019	258,450

(17) ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

	31	31 December 2015		
	Policyholders	Shareholders	Total	Total
	JD	<u> </u>	JD	JD
Agents payable	50,074		50,074	44,659
Brokers payable	69,999	-	69,999	68,366
Employees payable	1,018	6,789	7,807	33,261
Suppliers payable	719,111	128,121	847,232	509,004
Other payables *	256,439	99,573	356,012	280,087
Total	1,096,641	234,483	1,331,124	935,377

- * This Item consists of amounts payable to customers, loss adjusters, lawyers and consultants.
- The shareholders share from payables amounted to JD 15,090 as at 31 December 2016 (2015: JD 20,247).

(18) REINSURERS PAYABLE

			31 December
31 December 2016			
Policyholders Shareholders			Total
JD	JD	JD	JD
122,836	119,046	241,882	310,240
8,852,018	158,191	9,010,209	6,230,312
8,974,854	277,237	9,252,091	6,540,552
	JD 122,836 8,852,018	JD JD 122,836 119,046 8,852,018 158,191	JD JD JD 122,836 119,046 241,882 8,852,018 158,191 9,010,209

(19) OTHER PROVISIONS

	31 December 2016	31 December 2015
	JD	JD
End of service provision	162,000	120,000
End of service provision of the merged company	-	70,016
Board of Directors remuneration	43,333	35,000
Transactions non-compliant with Sharla' provision		24,465
Total	205,333	249,481

Movement on other provisions is as follows:

31 December 2016 -	Beginning Balance JD	Opening balance of the merged company (note 3)	Created during the year JD	Used during the year JD	Ending Balance JD
End of service provisions	120,000		42,000	•	162,000
End of service provision of the merged company	70,016	•	•	70,016	-
Board of Directors remuneration provision	35,000	•	36,666	28,333	43,333
Transactions non-compliant with Sharia' provision*	24,465			24,465	•
	249,481		78,666	122,814	205,333
31 December 2015 -					
End of service provisions	105,000	•	15,000	•	120,000
End of service provision of the merged company	•	230,736	3,458	164,178	70,016
Board of Directors remuneration provision	35,000	•	35,000	35,000	35,000
Transactions non-compliant with Sharia' provision*	39,340			14,875	24,465
	179,340	230,736	53,458	214,053	249,481

^{*} The Sharia Supervisory Board and Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply -Insurance Administration approved the donation of JD 24,465 to charitable organizations.

(20) OTHER LIABILITIES

	31 [31 December 2016			December 201 <u>5</u>	
	Policyholders	Policyholders Shareholder Total		Policyholders	Shareholder	Total
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD
Governmental deposits	57,604	102,651	160,255	149,203	8,152	157,355
Miscellaneous deposits	24,537	345,637	370,174	108,807	444,8 <u>06</u>	553,613
	82,141	448,288	530,429	258,010	452,958	710,968

(21) RESERVE TO COVER DEFICIT (CONTINGENCIES PROVISION)

This account represents what has been transferred from the policyholders' fund surplus during this year and previous years at a percentage of 20%.

Movement on reserve to cover deficit (contingencies provision) is as follows:

	31 December 2016	31 December 2015
	JD	JD
Beginning Balance	91,213	61,536
Add: transferred from policyholders' surplus	38,675	29,677
Ending Balance	129,888	91,213

^{*} The Sharia Supervisory Board approved the transfer of the surplus to the reserve to cover the deficit.

(22) AUTHORIZED AND PAID IN CAPITAL

For the year 2015, authorized and pald in capital amounted to JD 24,000,000 divided into 24,000,000 shares at 1 JD par value per share. On 2 November 2015, the merger between Yarmouk Insurance Company and First Insurance Company was approved to establish a successor company (First Insurance Company) with an authorized and pald in capital of JD 28,000,000 with 1 JD par value per share.

(23) STATUTORY RESERVE

This item represent 10% of the net income before tax transferred during the years in accordance with the Companies Law. The statutory reserve is not available for distribution to shareholders.

(24) CUMULATIVE CHANGE IN FAIR VALUE

	31 December 2016	31 December 2015
	JD	JD
Balance at the beginning of the year Unrealized gain for financial assets at fair value	(800,568)	(170,929)
through the comprehensive income	(488,229)	(430,070)
Gain from sale of assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	698,270	21,331
Transferred to tax liabilities	(8,130)	9,500
Transferred to deferred tax assets	(64,866)	(230,400)
Balance at the end of the year	(663,523)	(800,568)
(25) RETAINED EARNINGS		
	31 December 2016	31 December 2015
	2010	2010
	JD	JD
Balance at the beginning of the year		
Balance at the beginning of the year Profit for the period ended in 30 June 2015 Gain on sale of financial assets at fair value through other	JD	JD
Profit for the period ended in 30 June 2015 Gain on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	JD	JD 1,664,423 800,930 38,034
Profit for the period ended in 30 June 2015 Gain on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Balance as at 30 June 2015	JD	JD 1,664,423 800,930 38,034 2,503,387
Profit for the period ended in 30 June 2015 Gain on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Balance as at 30 June 2015 Profit for the period from 1 January 2015 to 30 June 2015	JD	JD 1,664,423 800,930 38,034 2,503,387 13,819
Profit for the period ended in 30 June 2015 Gain on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Balance as at 30 June 2015 Profit for the period from 1 January 2015 to 30 June 2015 Capital increase	JD 510,027 - - - - -	JD 1,664,423 800,930 38,034 2,503,387 13,819 (2,336,291)
Profit for the period ended in 30 June 2015 Gain on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Balance as at 30 June 2015 Profit for the period from 1 January 2015 to 30 June 2015 Capital increase Opening balance for the merged company (Note 3)	510,027 - - - - - - 510,027	JD 1,664,423 800,930 38,034 2,503,387 13,819
Profit for the period ended in 30 June 2015 Gain on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Balance as at 30 June 2015 Profit for the period from 1 January 2015 to 30 June 2015 Capital increase	JD 510,027 - - - - -	JD 1,664,423 800,930 38,034 2,503,387 13,819 (2,336,291)
Profit for the period ended in 30 June 2015 Gain on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Balance as at 30 June 2015 Profit for the period from 1 January 2015 to 30 June 2015 Capital increase Opening balance for the merged company (Note 3) Capital increase expenses Loss on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Profit for the period from 1 July 2015 to 31 December 2015	510,027 510,027 (168,000) (698,270)	JD 1,664,423 800,930 38,034 2,503,387 13,819 (2,336,291) 180,915
Profit for the period ended in 30 June 2015 Gain on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Balance as at 30 June 2015 Profit for the period from 1 January 2015 to 30 June 2015 Capital increase Opening balance for the merged company (Note 3) Capital increase expenses Loss on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Profit for the period from 1 July 2015 to 31 December 2015 Profit for the year	510,027 510,027 (168,000) (698,270) - 2,137,219	JD 1,664,423 800,930 38,034 2,503,387 13,819 (2,336,291) 180,915 - (16,700) 503,887
Profit for the period ended in 30 June 2015 Gain on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Balance as at 30 June 2015 Profit for the period from 1 January 2015 to 30 June 2015 Capital increase Opening balance for the merged company (Note 3) Capital increase expenses Loss on sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Profit for the period from 1 July 2015 to 31 December 2015	510,027 510,027 (168,000) (698,270)	JD 1,664,423 800,930 38,034 2,503,387 13,819 (2,336,291) 180,915 - (16,700)

The board of directors, in their the meeting held on 23 February 2017, resolved to recommend to the General Assembly to approve, the distribution of 2.5% cash dividends to shareholders in their meeting that will be held on 26 April 2017.

(26) INVESTMENTS INCOME

	31 December 2016		31 December 2015	
	Policyholders JD	Shareholders JD	Policyholders JD	Shareholders JD
Income from deposits Shareholders share of Investments	113,900	225,575	91,045	510,514
management	(39,866)	39,865	(31,866)	31,866
Total	74,034	265,440	59,179	542,380

The compensation for managing the investments is determined based on the Islamic principles (Mudaraba & Wakala) based on budgets prepared by the Company and on a fair basis to policyholders.

The Company has a strict separation between the assets and liabilities of the policyholders and shareholders hence, the investment returns of the assets of the policyholders are determined accurately.

As for investing policyholders' surplus, the contractual relation between the shareholders and policyholders is based on the Islamic trading (Mudaraba) against a percentage of 35% for 2016 and 35% for 2015 from the investments projects.

(27) SHAREHOLDERS SHARE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND INVESTMENT GAINS

This item consists of the following:

The rest control of the teneving.	31 December 2016		31 Decem	ber 2015
	Policyholders	Shareholders	Policyholders	Shareholders
	JD	<u>ID</u>	JD	JD
Net rental income	37,750	307,867	57,875	117,000
Dividends received from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	168,297	-	124,592
Return on sukuk and wakala investments	22,095	84,602	-	3,322
Dividends received from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
from the merged company	-	-	•	66,608
Foreign currency exchange	7,335	-		
Net rental income from the merged company	-	-	•	179,472
Finance costs from the merged company (note1)			<u> </u>	124,583
Total financial assets and investment gains Shareholders' share against investment property	67,180	560,766	57,875	615,577
portfolio management	(23,513)	23,513	(20,256)	20,256
-	43,667	584,279	37,619	635,833

(28) SHAREHOLDERS SHARE FOR TAKAFUL OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT

The contractual relationship between shareholders and policyholders represents an agent relationship to manage the insurance business through a specialized staff which were appointed for this mission.

Wakala fees for the year 2016 were determined at 17% for Motors department (2015: 17%) and 22% for Medical department (2015: 22%) and 25% for marine department (2015: 25%) and 7% for aviation department (2015: 7%) and 20% for fire department and other damages (2015: 20%) and 25% for the liability department (2015: 25%) and 15% life (Takaful) other departments from total insurance contribution except the optionally 100% reinsured policies and the policies that were issued by the policyholders department in which 10% of the premium were deducted while it should not exceed 90% from the reinsurances commission. As for investing policyholders' surplus, the contractual relation between the shareholders and policyholders is based on the Islamic trading (Mudaraba) against a percentage of 35% from the investments gain in 2016.

The determined compensation for investment management is based on the Islamic principles (Mudaraba & Wakala) based on budgets prepared by the Company and on a fair basis to the policyholders. The Company has a strict separation between the assets and liabilities of the policyholders and shareholders and hence the investment returns of the assets of the policyholders are determined accurately.

(29) Other Income

	31 December 2016	31 December 2015
	JD	JD
Rooms revenue – Jabal Amman Hotel	72,330	•
Dry clean and telephone income	310	-
Other Income	7,243	7,500
Foreign currency Income		2,239
	80,873	9,739

(30) GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	31 December 2016	2015
	JD	JD
Stationery and publications	75,171	73,187
Advertisements	180,164	133,943
Sharia' supervisory committee fees	25,650	25,500
Board members expenses	165,434	164,006
Water, electric and heating	68,257	55,435
Maintenance	19,587	18,608
Cleaning	50,279	32,612
Post and telecommunications	67,368	67,953
Rent	162,871	142,146
Technical consultation fees	45,865	250,196
Hospitality	45,560	44,856
Professional fees	15,160	54,879
Subscriptions and Ilcense fees	86,067	90,150
Tenders and banking expenses	18,195	49,888
Auditing fees	33,500	49,750
Actuarial fees	21,875	23,483
Computer tools	44,063	29,109
Legal fees	11,161	3,542
Sales tax expenses	50,420	53,783
Olher	111,545	39,108
Total	1,298,192	1,402,134
General and administrative expenses allocated to underwriting		
accounts		(314,000)
General and administrative expenses not allocated to		
underwriting accounts	1,298,192	1,088,134

(31) EMPLOYEES EXPENSES

	31 December 2016	31 December 2015
	<u> </u>	JD
Salaries, bonuses and employee benefits	2,252,021	2,184,412
End of service provision	42,396	61,431
Company's contribution in social security	228,677	229,790
Company's contribution in medical expenses	142,569	161,819
Travel and transportation	40,980	169,213
Training and development of employees	11,796	6,249
Company's contribution in the social committee	-	3,828
Olher	-	19,471
Total	2,718,439	2,836,213
Employees expenses allocated to underwriting accounts		(853,426)
Employees expenses not allocated to underwriting accounts	2,718,439	1,982,787

(32) BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit for the year on the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding is as follows:

	31 December 2016	31 December 2015
	JD	JD
Profit for the year	2,137,219	1,318,836
Weighted average number of shares	28,000,000	26,244,500
	JD/Fils	JD/FIIs
Basic and diluted earnings per share	0.076	0.050

The diluted earnings per share equals the basic earnings per share.

(33) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents appearing in the consolidated statement of cash flows consist of the following consolidated statement of financial position items:

	2016 JD	2015
Cash on hand and at banks	5,113,703	6,927,307
Add: Deposits at banks maturing within 3 months	7,782,712	10,947,681
Cash and cash equivalents	12,896,415	17,874,988

(34) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary as follows

		Caj	pital
Company name	Ownership %	2016 JD	2015 JD
Mulkeyat for Trading and Investment	100%	50,000	50,000
Baden for Trading and Investment	100%	5,000	-

The subsidiary's operations are funded by the parent company without a fee in return.

The Company engaged in transactions with its subsidiary company, major shareholders, directors, key management and Sharia' Supervisory Committee within normal activities using Murabaha and trade commissions. All of the deferred insurance accounts receivables and financing due to the related parties are performing, and no provisions were recorded.

Below is a summary of related parties' transactions during the year:

	Related Parties			Total	
	Major Shareholders, Directors and Sharia'				
	Supervisory	Key	Sister		
	Committee	Management	Companies	2016	2015
	JD	<u> JD</u>	JD	JD	JD
Consolidated statement of financial position items					
Receivables	121,704	1,874	-	123.578	91,698
Payables	13,772	-	•	13,772	33,068
Deposit outside of Jordan*	-	-	1,418,000	1,418,000	•
Consolidated income statement items					
Investments income	-	-	17,575	17 ,5 75	3,322
Rent	106,842	•	-	106,842	106,842
Takaful Insurance contribution	14,361	7,142	-	21,503	60,010
Paid claims	2,110	4,092	-	6,202	9,663
General insurance premiums	-	•	_		259.615

^{*} This amount pertains to a deposit in Ithmar Banks, as at 31 December 2016. The annual profit rate on the deposit amounts to 3%.

The remuneration of members of key management during the year was as follows:

31 December 2016	31 December 2015
JD	JD
715,685 42,000 <u>50,472</u>	1,118,225 37,729 3,400
808,157	1,159,354
	2016 JD 715,685 42,000 50,472

(35) FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company uses the following valuation procedures in sequence in order to determine and present the financial instruments:

Level one: the announced market prices that are effective for the similar assets and liabilities.

Level two: other techniques where all the inputs have a major effect on the fair value that are either noticed directly or indirectly.

Level three: other techniques that use inputs which have an important effect, but they are not based on market information that could be noticed.

The table below demonstrates the financial instruments fair value hierarchy:

2016	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	JD	JD	70	JD
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive income	4,067,322	1,616,020	-	5,683,342
2015				
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive income	4,942,654	1,616,020	•	6,558,674

(36) RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company manages various types of risk through several ways through a comprehensive strategy that determines the risks and the ways for facing it and mitigate its effects through the Board of Directors which evaluates the risks and determines the necessary procedures for decreasing its effects.

All departments determine the risks related to its operations and determine the suitable controls in the general framework within the determined risk strategy of the Company, and monitors its ongoing efficiency. The Company is exposed to insurance risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The board of directors is responsible for determining and monitoring the risks. Although there are several other parties responsible for the Company's risk management. The board of directors is responsible for the development of risk strategy and the application of its principles and limitations according to the related regulations and instructions.

INTERNAL AUDIT

According to the Company's policies, the risk management processes should be audited annually from the internal audit department through examining the appropriateness of the used procedures and the compliance to it. The internal audit department discusses the results with the management and then presents it to the audit committee.

MEASURING RISKS AND REPORTING SYSTEMS

Monitoring risks and controlling it happens through monitoring the agreed upon limits for every insurance department which reflects the Company's strategy and the market factors.

The executive management collects the data from the different departments of the Company and analyzes it to predict the possible risks and then present it to the board of directors.

A- INSURANCE RISKS

1- General & Takaful (Insurance Risks)

Risks of any insurance policy represent the probability of occurrence of the insured accident and the uncertainty of the related claim amount due to the nature of the insurance policy whereby the risks are volatile and unexpected in connection with insurance policies of a certain insurance class. With regards to the application of the probability theory on pricing and the reserve, the primary risks facing the Company are that incurred claims and the related payments may exceed the book value of the insurance obligations. This may happen if the probability and risk of claims are greater than expected. As insurance accidents are unstable and vary from one year to another, estimates may differ from related statistics.

Studies have shown that the more similar the insurance policies are, the nearer the expectations are to the actual loss. Moreover, diversifying the types of the insurance risks covered decreases the probability of the overall insurance loss.

The Company decreases the risks by diversifying its insurance contracts. The risks are managed by the accurate selection of insurance strategies and applying it, and by the reinsurance agreements.

The Company's main Takaful lines are against the risks of fire, general accidents, motors, marine and medical. Those insurance contracts are classifled as short-term and most of it issued as annual contracts. Therefore the Company liability ends with end of the insurance contracts which decrease the risks.

Frequency of claims

The frequency and amounts of claims can be affected by several factors. The Company main Takaful lines are against the risks of fire, general accidents, motors, marine and medical. Those insurance contracts are classified as short-term and most of it usually collected through one year of the date of insured accident occurrence. This will decrease the insurance risks.

Fire and other property damages

Property insurance

Property insurance is designed to compensate policy holders for damage suffered to properties, assets or for the value of property loss.

The main risks for property insurance contract are fire and business interruption. In recent years the Company has only insured highly classified properties containing fire detection and fighting equipment.

These contracts are written by reference to the replacement value of the properties and obtaining replacement contents and the time taken to restart operations which leads to business interruptions. These represent the main factors that influence the level of claims.

The Company has reinsurance cover for such damage to limit losses for any individual claim that is more than the decided retentions which is compatible with the Company's financial abilities for the financial year ended at 31 December 2016.

Motors insurance

Motor insurance is designed to compensate policyholders' for damage suffered to their vehicles or liability to third parties arising from accidents. The main risks of motor insurance are claims for death and body injury and replacement or repair of vehicles.

The Company insures policyholders taking into consideration the vehicle driver and driving record, number of accidents and other standards for the vehicle, such as manufacturing date, its origin and purposes of using which minimize risks.

The Company has reinsurance cover for such damage to limit losses for any individual claim during the financial year ended at 31 December 2016.

The number of accidents in addition to its severity are the amounts paid for compensation for death, injuries and cost of replacement auto parts. These are the main factors affecting the claims volume. Accordingly the company is continuing to monitor the number of insured vehicles and the percentage of accidents to the total insured vehicles in addition to average cost per accident in order to monitor the performance of this insurance type and to rely on this information in future writings.

Marine insurance

Marine insurance is designed to compensate policyholders for damages and liability arising through toss or damage to marine crafts, or exposure to accidents, resulting in the total or partial loss of cargos.

The followed strategy for the marine class of business is to ensure that policies are well diversified in terms of used and shipping routes covered. The Company also requires ship classification from the best international classification agencies, and participation in the protection and indemnity leading clubs, and acquires the necessary certificates of public safety which are globally used.

The Company has reinsurance to limit losses for any individual claims during the financial year ended at 31 December 2016.

Medical insurance

Medical insurance is designed to compensate the policyholders for medical costs. The main risks for medical insurance are illness and related health care costs. Age, marital status, nature of work, medical history and prior compensated claims are the most important factors taken into consideration when offering this type of insurance.

The Company reinsures its contracts with several foreign reinsurance companies to decrease its risk.

2. Claims Development

The schedule demonstrate the actual claims (based on management's estimates at year - end). The schedules contains comparison for the previous four years, based on the year in which the accident occurred, as follows:

Total - Motors Takaful Insurance:

2012

	And prior					
The year of the accident	years	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD
As at year end	2,041,568	2,892,958	3,338,063	3,340,450	3,818,022	15,431,061
After one year	2,455,677	2,782,219	2,782,308	3,172,923	•	11,193,127
After two years	2,632,072	2,882,905	2,670,941	•	_	8,185,918
After three years	2,635,028	2,808,380		-	-	5,443,408
After four years	2,665,943	-	-		-	2,665,943
Current expectation for the accumulated claims	2,665,943	2,808,830	2,670,941	3,172,923	3,818,022	15,136,209
Accumulated payments Liability as shown in the financial	2,454,286	2,048,577	2,210,730	2,188,798	-	8,902,391
statements*	211,657	759,803	460,211	984,125	3,818,022	6,233,818
Deficit in the preliminary estimate for reserve	(624,375)	84,578	667,122	167,527		294,852

^{*} Represents the reported and unreported claims.

Total - Motors General Insurance:

2012

	And prior					
The year of the accident	years	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD
As at year end	1,301,005	14,700	54,230	7,500	-	1,377,435
After one year	1,213,379	15,900	56,230	7,500	_	1,293,009
After two years	1,213,379	15,900	56,230	-	-	1,285,509
After three years	1,213,379	15,900	•	-	-	1,229,279
After four years	1,213,379	. -	-	•	-	1,213,379
Current expectation for the accumulated claims	1,213,379	15,900	56,230	7,500		1,293,009
Accumulated claims	1,075,876	10,900	51,230		•	1,138,006
Liability as shown in the financial statements	137,503	5,000	5,000	7,500	_	155,003
Reported claims	137,503	5,000	5,000	7,500	-	155,003
Unreported claims					_	•
Surplus in the preliminary estimate for reserve	87,626	(1,200)	(2,000)	-		84,426

Total - Marine Takaful Insurance

2012

	And prior					
The year of the accident	years	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD
As at year end	139,273	26,548	9,855	45,170	202,434	423,280
After one year	151,775	14,698	4,741	57,588	-	228,802
After two years	150,270	9,739	4,741	-		164,750
After three years	149,916	9,387	-	-	-	159,303
After four years	150,416					150,416
Current expectation for the accumulated claims	150,416	9,387	4,741	57,588	202,434	424,566
Accumulated claims	51,833	7,487	4,641	15,920	-	79,881
Liability as shown in the financial statements*	98,583	1,900	100	41,668	202,434	344,685
Surplus in the preliminary estimate for reserve	(11,143)	17,161	5,114	(12,418)	-	(1,286)

^{*} Represents the reported and unreported claims

Total-Marine General Insurance

2012

	And prior					
The year of the accident	years	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD
As at year end	3,939,886	265,784	31,726	2,000	600	4,239,996
After one year	3,974,886	226,383	27,616	2,000	-	4,230,885
After two years	3,974,886	226,383	27,616	-	-	4,228,885
After three years	3,974,886	226,383	٠ .	•	-	4,201,269
After four years	3,977,240	<u> </u>		<u>. </u>	-	3,977,240
Current expectation for the accumulated claims	3,977,240	226,383	27,616	2,000	600	4,233,839
Accumulated claims	3,909,317	-	4,618		-	4,140,316
Liability as shown in the financial statements	67,923		23,000	2,000	600	93,523
Reported claims	67,923	•	23,000	2,000	₩.	92,923
Unreported claims		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		600	600
Surplus (Deficit) in the preliminary estimate for						
rèserve	(37,354)	39,401	4,110		•	6,157

Total -- Fire and Property Takaful Insurance

2012 And prior

	And prior					
The year of the accident	years	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD
As at year end	1,636,383	1,116,911	773,280	235,432	199,519	3,961,525
After one year	2,001,886	982,811	754,377	251,328	-	3,990,402
After two years	3,527,434	988,125	745,214	•	•	5,260,773
After three years	3,527,421	981,606	•	-	-	4,509,027
After four years	3,514,092	•	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	3,514,092
Current expectation for the accumulated claims	3,514,092	981,606	745,214	251,328	199,519	5,691,759
Accumulated payments	3,465,370	970,267	696,981	107,184	-	5,239,802
Liability as shown in the financial statements*	48,722	11,340	48,233	144,144	199,519	451,958
Deficit in the preliminary estimate for reserve	(1,877,709)	135,305	28,066	(15,896)	-	(1,730,234)

^{*} Represents the reported and unreported claims

Total - Fire and Property General Insurance

2012

	And prior					
The year of the accident	years	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD
As at year end	5,454,131	106,307	728,659	34,932	600	6,324,629
After one year	5,474,525	107,653	712,724	32,251	-	6,327,153
After two years	5,474,525	107,653	712,724	•	-	6,294,902
After three years	5,474,525	107,653	-	-	•	5,582,178
After four years	5,474,525		•		-	5,474,525
Current expectation for the accumulated claims	5,474,525	107,653	712,724	32,251	600	6,327,753
Accumulated claims	5,467,742	79,006	630,405	20,836	-	6,197,989
Liability as shown in the financial statements	6,783	28,647	82,319	11,415	600	129.764
Reported claims Unreported claims	6,783 	28,647	82,31 9	11,415	600	1 29,1 64 600
Surplus (Deficit) in the preliminary estimate for reserve	(20,394)	(1,346)	15,935	2,681	<u>-</u>	(3,124)

A- Technical reserves

Technical reserves are recognised in accordance with the Instructions of the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply- Insurance Administration, as follows:

 Unearned contributions and premiums reserves are recognized when contracts are entered into and are brought to account as provision income over the term of the contract (presumably 360 days).

This measurement excludes Marine and Transportation Insurance as recognition of their premium income is based on the value of written contributions and premiums as at the date of the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the prevailing laws and regulations.

- 2. The outstanding claims reserve is based on the estimated ultimate cost of all claims incurred but not settled at the reporting date.
- 3. Measurement of provision for the ultimate cost of claims incurred but not yet reported (IBNR) and unexpired risk, is based on estimates from the Company's past experience.
- 4. Unearned contributions and premiums reserve is measured based on the Company's experience and estimations.
- 5. Mathematical reserve is measured in accordance with the instruction and decisions issued by The Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply-Insurance Administration.

B- Receivables impairment

The receivables impairment is booked when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all or part of the due amounts. This allowance is calculated based on the difference between book value of and recoverable amount. The allowance is measured after monitoring the receivables in details and all receivables ages above one year are provided for, except receivables which recoverability is probable based on the Company's experience.

Provisions

Provision are recognized when the Company has an obligation at the date of consolidated financial statements as a result of past events, and the cost to settle the obligation are both probable and able to be reliably measured.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of these cash flows.

When it is expected to recover some or all amounts due from other parties, the due amount will be recognized within the assets if the value can be measured reliably.

Insurance policies issuance cost

Insurance policies issuance cost represents commissions paid to intermediaries and other direct costs incurred in relation to the issuance and renewal of insurance contracts. These costs are recorded in the consolidated statement of income.

End-of-Service Indemnity

Provision for end-of-service indemnity is booked by the Company for any legal or contractual obligations at the end of the employees' services according to the accumulated service terms at the date of the consolidated statement of financial position and in conformity with the Jordanian Labor Law.

Liability adequacy test

At each statement of financial position date the Company assesses whether its recognized insurance liabilities are adequate using present value of future cash flows under its insurance contracts.

If that assessment shows that the present value of its insurance liabilities is inadequate compared to estimated future cash flows, the full impairment amount is immediately recognized in the consolidated statement of policyholders revenues and expenses.

Income tax

Tax expense comprises of current tax and deferred taxes.

Current tax is based on taxable profits, which may differ from accounting profits published in the financial statements. Accounting profits may include non-taxable profits or tax non- deductible expenses which may be exempted in the current or subsequent financial years, or accumulatted losses that are tax acceptable or items not subject to deduction for tax purposes.

Tax is calculated based on tax rates and laws that are applicable in the country of operation.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be paid or recovered due to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates expected to be applied in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the laws enacted or substantially enacted at the date of the consolidated statement of financial position.

The carrying values of deferred tax assets are reviewed at the date of the consolidated financial statement and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are only offset, and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and the Company intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Revenue recognition

A- Takaful and general insurance policies

Takaful Insurance contributions arising from Takaful insurance contracts are recorded as revenue for the year (earned insurance contributions) on the basis of the maturitles of time periods and in accordance with the insurance coverage periods; unearned Takaful insurance contributions from insurance contracts at the date of the consolidated financial statement are recorded as unearned insurance contributions within liabilities.

Claims and incurred losses settlement expenses are recorded in the consolidated statement of policyholders revenues and expenses based on the expected liability amount of the compensation relating to the Tafakul insurance policyholders or other affected parties.

B- Dividends and profit

Investment income is recognized as it accrues based on the maturities of the time periods, original principals, and earned Murabaha rate.

Dividends income is recognized when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders General Assembly approve the dividends

C- Interest income

Interest income is recognized as the interest accrues using the effective interest method.

D- Rental income

Rental income arising from leases of investment properties is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Cost recognition

Acquisition costs arising from the acquisition and renewal of insurance contracts are recognized in the consolidated statement of policyholders' revenues and expenses in the year they were incurred. All other costs are recognized as they accrue.

Takaful and general insurance costs

Takaful and General Insurance costs represent claims paid during the year, in addition to changes in outstanding claims reserves.

Takaful Insurance costs include all payments during the year, whether it concerns the current year or prior periods. Outstanding claims represent the highest estimated amount to settle the claims occurred before the date of financials. Outstanding claims provision is calculated based on the best available information at the date of consolidated financial statements and includes the provision for the reported claims.

Salvage and subrogation reimbursements

Estimates of salvage and subrogation reimbursements reserves are established when measuring the insurance liability for claims.

General and administrative expenses - Takaful Insurance

Takaful general and administrative expenses are assumed by the shareholders of the company and should not be allocated to their pertaining lines of business. Consequently, Policyholder's underwriting accounts are charged with a fixed annual rate (wakala fee) approved by the Company's supervisory Sharia committee.

General and administrative expenses – General Insurance

Assignable general and administrative expenses are allocated to each insurance lines of business. Moreover, 80% of the non-assignable general and administrative expenses are allocated to different insurance departments based on the ratio of written premiums of the lines of business to total premiums.

Employees expenses - General Insurance

The employees expenses are distributed to each insurance line of business separately. Moreover, 80% of the non-assignable general and administrative expenses are allocated to different insurance lines of business based on the ratio of written premiums of the department to total premiums.

Employees expenses - Takaful Insurance

Employees' expenses are assumed by the shareholder's of the Company and should not be allocated to their lines of business.

Takaful policies issuance fees

Takaful policies issuance fees represent costs incurred by the Company for the sale, underwriting, or insurance of a new Takaful Insurance contract. Issuance costs are recognized in the consolidated statement of policyholders revenues and expenses.

Deficit coverage reserve (contingencies provision)

20% of all policyholders surplus and policyholders' gain from sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income recognized during the year are transferred to the contingencies provision to cover the deficits in future financial periods, and only if no accumulated deficit was present at date of the transfer. The reserve is not distributable to policyholders' and must not exceed total technical provisions.

In case of liquidation, the deficit coverage reserve (Contingencies Provision) is distributed to after the settlement of any outstanding non-profitable loans if present.

Basis for determining the insurance surplus

Insurance surplus is the excess of the total contributions collected investment profit of their contributions and any other income after deducting claims paid, technical, reserves shareholders share for management of Takaful operations and investments, and policyholder's fund expense.

Different lines of business are treated as a single unit when computing the insurance surplus.

Basis for allocating the Insurance surplus

The insurance surplus is limited to the policyholders' and can only allocated to be them. Shareholders do not have the right in the surplus.

The Insurance surplus is distributed among policyholders' in proportion to their respective contribution percentage without distinguishing between those who for insurance claims and those who have not during the fiscal year.

The Company retains any un-distributed amount not claimed by the policyholders' in a separate account presented within the policyholders' fund to be later transferred to the reserve to cover deficit (contingences provision) after acquiring the approval of the Sharia' Supervisory Committee.

In case of liquidation, the insurance surplus for the period is allocated to policyholders while any undistributed and unclaimed surplus of prior periods (if any) will be distributed to charity after the settlement of any outstanding non-profitable loan.

Methods of covering policyholder's fund deficit

In case of deficit or accumulated deficit in the policyholders' current account, the deficit is covered by the contingencies provision. In case of the shortage in the contingencies provision; the shareholders will grant the policyholders' a non-profitable loan to cover all the shortage.

Non-compliant Sharia' transactions

The Company is committed to comply with Sharla' in its operations and to disclose any income or gains from the transactions inconsistent with Sharia'.

Any revenues and gains non-compliant with sharia' are recorded in seperate account which is presented in the consolidated financial statements within other credit balances (shareholders liabilities) and are recorded in the consolidated income statement. This account is used for charity based on the Sharia' committee decision.

Policyholders and shareholders' financial investments

The Company complies with the principles of Takaful Insurance by maintaining complete separate entries and records for the policyholders and the shareholders.

The Company determines a deduction rate of the contributions intended for investment purposes based on the determinations the Company's annual budget and the expected future cash flows for each fiscal year.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies during the year are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction.

Financial assets and financial liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the average rates prevailing on the date of the statement of financial position and declared by the Central Bank of Jordan.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and recorded at fair value are translated on the date when their fair value is determined.

Gains or losses resulting from foreign currency translation are charged to the consolidated statement of income.

Translation differences for non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies (such as equity securities) are recorded as part of the change in fair value.

Estimating uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of financial assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities. These estimates and assumptions also affect the revenues and expenses and the resultant provisions as well as fair value changes reported in the consolidated income statement. In particular, considerable judgment by management is required in the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows when determining the level of provisions required for non-performing credit facilities. Such estimates are necessarily based on assumptions about several factors involving varying degrees of judgment and uncertainty. Furthermore, actual results may differ resulting in future changes in such provisions.

The management believes that the estimates in the financial statements are reasonable. The details are as follows:

- Allowance for doubtful debt is established based on managements estimates and assumptions.
- The income tax provision is established in line with the prevailing laws and regulations and is recorded in the same period as the income tax is incurred.
- Management periodically reevaluates the tangible and intangible assets in order to assess the
 depreciation and amortization for the year based on the useful life and future economic benefit.
 Any related impairment is charged to the consolidated income statement.
- Claims and technical reserves estimates are established based on technical studies and accordance to the instructions of the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply Insurance Administration.
- Legal provisions are established for lawsuits raised against the Company based on the Company's legal counsel estimation for the future contingent risks. These estimations are reviewed periodically.

(3) ACQUISITION AND MERGER OF A SUBSIDIARY

On 2 April 2015, the Group acquired 76.25% of Yarmouk Insurance Company's capital, which conducts its operations in Jordan. The Extraordinary General Assembly has agreed in their meeting, held on 2 November 2015, to transfer their entire share, which consists of 100% of Yarmouk Insurance Company capital (the merged company), to First Insurance Public Shareholding Company. As a result of the merger, Yarmouk Insurance Company was dissolved and First Insurance Public Shareholding Company was declared as the legal successor. The merger committee declared 2 November 2015 to be the final official approval date for the transfer of ownership based on the financial statements balances as of 30 June 2015.

The table below summarizes the balances for First Insurance Company and Yarmouk Insurance Company as at the merger date:

Accrued expenses 29,214 68,277 97,491 Reinsures payables 2,643,003 1,146,977 3,789,980 Other provisions 144,340 230,738 375,076 Income tax provision 228,135 9,485 237,620 Deferred tax ilabilities 34,203 11,062 46,265 Other liabilities 251,170 1,546,929 - 17,98,099 Total liabilities 13,659,515 4,750,444 - 18,409,959 Reserve to cover deficit (contingencles provision) 67,299 - - 67,299 Nat policyholder's fund 67,299 - - 67,299 Shareholder's equity - - 67,299 Authorized and paid in capital 24,000,000 8,000,000 (4,000,000) D 28,000,000 Statutory reserve 845,986 1,284,107 - 2,130,093 Cumulative change in feit value (315,312) - - (315,312)		Financial position 201				
Investments			însurance	resulting from		balance as al
Deposits of banks		JD	JD	10		
Deposits at banks 9,371,577 3,481,453	<u>Assets</u>					
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss						
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 5,098,645 1,948,292 3,500,000 8 0,303,774 Investment in subsidiaries 10,038,442 1,948,292 3,500,000 8 0,303,774 Investment in subsidiaries 10,038,442 - (10,038,442 0 1,941,474 Investment in subsidiaries 10,038,442 - (10,038,442 0 30,282,551	·	9,371,579	• •	*		12,853,032
Investment properties 3,484.482 1,948,292 3,500,000 B 9,930,774 Financial assets at amortized cost 199,134 (10,038,442) C Total Investments 27,993,149 8,827,844 (6,538,442) C Total Investments 27,993,149 8,827,844 (6,538,442) C Total Investments 3,147,163 898,842 (6,538,442) C Cash and cash at banks 3,147,163 898,842 4,046,025 Cheques under collection and notes receivables 223,110 1,309,553 2,232,863 Accounts receivable, not 5,014,475 2,334,308 7,348,763 Relissurance receivable, not 864,022 197,004 1,061,828 Deferred fact assets 296,005 2,232,863 Collegred fact assets 296,005 2,234,450 Collegred fact assets 296,005 2,234,450 Collegred fact assets 488,030 139,373 627,403 Collegred fact assets 488,030 689,051 Collegred fact assets 689,051 1,204,550 62,960 Collegred fact assets 689,051 1,204,550 69,960 Co	• ,	5 ppp 645	3,200,965	• • •		e 200 E44
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Total Investments 27,893,149 8,827,844 (6,538,442) 30,282,551		10 038 442	=	(10.038.442)	C	
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Cash and cash at banks 3,147,183 898,642	ajnemiteevni isloT	21,030,133	0,027,044	(0,000,442)		30,202,001
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Accounts receivable, net 5,014,475 2,334,308 7,348,783 Reinsurance receivable, net 884,022 197,604 1,061,828 268,655	Cash and cash at banks		698,842	•		
Reinsurance receivable, net 884,022 197,804 1,061,826 Deferred tax essols 286,505 266,505	Cheques under collection and notes receivables	923,110	1,309,553	•		
Deferred tax assots 268,505 - 2,264,505 - 2,584,500	Accounts receivable, net		- ·	•		
Property and equipment, net 2,060,218 524,282 2,584,500 Intenglible assets, net 4,183 18,515 22,898 Other assets 40,760,876 14,250,521 (6,538,442) 48,472,854 Liabilities -		•	197,604	•		•
Name 18,100 18,100 19,200 19,		•	-	•		
Citier assets 488,030 139,373 - 627,403		• •	=	•		-
Total assets 40,760,875 14,250,521 (6,538,442) 48,472,854	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•		
Liabilities Saraholdara' equity and policyholders' fund Liabilities						
Insurance contracts Insultities	Total assets	40,760,875	14,250,521	(6,538,442)		48,472,954
Uneamed contributions and premiums, net 4,897,487 680,901 5,578,356 Outstanding claims provision, net 4,997,684 460,659 62,960 Mathematical reserve, net - 62,960 62,960 Total Insurance contracts liabilities 9,895,151 1,204,520 - 11,099,671 Accounts payable 434,299 532,458 - 968,767 Accounts payable 29,214 68,277 - 97,491 Reinsures payables 2,643,003 1,146,977 - 3,789,980 Other provisions 144,340 230,735 - 375,076 Income tax provision 228,135 9,485 - 237,620 Deferred tax ilabilities 34,203 11,062 - 45,265 Other liabilities 34,203 11,062 - 12,450,999 Total liabilities 13,659,515 4,750,444 - 18,409,959 Reserve to cover deficit (contingencies provision) 67,299 - - 67,299 Nat reholder's equity -						
Outstanding claims provision, net 4,997,684 460,559 - 5,458,343 Mathematical reserve, net - 62,960 - 62,960 Total Insurance contracts liabilities 9,895,151 1,204,520 - 11,099,671 Accounts payable 434,289 532,458 - 968,767 Accrued expenses 29,214 68,277 - 97,491 Reinsures payables 2,643,003 1,146,977 - 3,789,980 Other provisions 144,340 230,736 - 375,076 Income tax provision 228,135 9,485 - 237,620 Other liabilities 34,203 11,062 - 45,265 Other liabilities 251,170 1,546,929 - 1,788,099 Total liabilities 13,659,515 4,750,444 - 18,409,959 Reserve to cover deficit (contingencies provision) 67,299 - - 67,299 Net policyholder's quilty Authorized and paid in capital 24,000,000 8,000,000 (4,000,000)	Insurance contracts liabilities					
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Total Insurance contracta liabilities 9,895,151 1,204,520 - 11,099,671 Accounts payable 434,299 532,458 - 966,767 Accounts payable 29,214 68,277 - 97,491 Reinsures payables 2,643,003 1,146,977 - 3,789,880 Other provisions 144,340 230,736 - 376,076 Income tax provision 228,135 9,485 - 237,620 Deferred tax iliabilities 34,203 11,062 - 46,265 Other liabilities 251,170 1,546,929 - 1,798,099 Total liabilities 13,659,515 4,750,444 - 18,409,599 Reserve to cover deficit (contingencies provision) 67,299 - 67,299 Nat politeyholder's fund 67,299 - 67,299 Shareholder's equity Authorized and paki in capital 24,000,000 8,000,000 (4,000,000) D 28,000,000 Statutory reserve 845,986 1,284,107 - 2,130,093 Cumulative change in fair value (315,312) - (315,312) Relained eamings 2,503,387 216,970 (2,538,442) D 180,915	Outstanding daims provision, net	4,997,684	=	•		
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Accrued expenses 29,214 68,277 97,491 Reinsures payables 2,643,003 1,146,977 3,789,980 Other provisions 144,340 230,738 375,076 Income tax provision 228,135 9,485 237,620 Deferred tax ilabilities 34,203 11,062 45,265 Other liabilities 251,170 1,546,929 - 17,98,099 Total liabilities 13,659,515 4,750,444 - 18,409,959 Reserve to cover deficit (centingencies provision) 67,299 - - 67,299 Nat policyholder's fund 67,299 - - 67,299 Shareholder's equity - 67,299 - - 67,299 Shareholder's equity - - 67,299 - - 28,000,000 Statutory reserve 845,886 1,284,107 - 2,130,093 Currulative change in feir value (315,312) - - (315,312) Relained earnings 2,503,387 215,970 <	Total Insurance contracts liabilities	9,895,151	1,204,520	•		11,099,671
Reinsures payables 2,643,003 1,146,977 - 3,789,980 Other provisions 144,340 230,738 - 375,076 Income tax provision 228,135 9,485 - 237,620 Deferred tax ilabilities 34,203 11,062 - 45,265 Other liabilities 251,170 1,546,929 - 1,798,099 Total liabilities 13,659,515 4,750,444 - 18,409,959 Reserve to cover deficit (contingencies provision) 67,299 - - 67,299 Nat polityholder's fund 67,299 - - 67,299 Shareholder's equity - 67,299 - - 67,299 Shareholder's equity reserve 845,886 1,284,107 - 2,130,093 Cumulative change in feir value (315,312) - - (315,312) Relained earnings 2,503,387 215,970 (2,538,442) 0 180,915	Accounts payable	434,299	532,458	-		968,757
Other provisions 144,340 230,738 - 375,076 Income tax provision 228,135 9,485 - 237,620 Deferred tax ilabilities 34,203 11,062 - 45,265 Other liabilities 251,170 1,546,929 - 1,798,099 Total liabilities 13,659,515 4,750,444 - 18,409,959 Reserve to cover deficit (contingencies provision) 67,299 - - 67,299 Nat polityholder's fund 67,299 - - 67,299 Shareholder's equity - - 67,299 Authorized and paki in capital 24,000,000 8,000,000 (4,000,000) D 28,000,000 Statutory reserve 845,886 1,284,107 - 2,130,093 Currulative change in feir value (315,312) - - (315,312) Relained earnings 2,503,387 215,970 (2,538,442) 0 180,915	Accrued expenses	29,214	68,277	•		97,491
Income tax provision 228,135 8,485 - 237,620 Deferred tax ilabilities 34,203 11,062 - 46,265 Other liabilities 251,170 1,546,929 - 1,798,099 Total liabilities 13,659,515 4,750,444 - 18,409,959 Reserve to cover deficit (conlingencies provision) 67,299 67,299 Nat policyholder's fund 67,299 67,299 Shareholder's equity 24,000,000 8,000,000 (4,000,000) D 28,000,000 Statutory reserve 845,886 1,284,107 - 2,130,093 Cumulative change in feir value (315,312) - (2,538,442) O 180,915 Relained earnings 2,503,387 215,970 (2,538,442) O 180,915 Camulative change in feir value (3,503,387 2,503,387 2,500,000 (4,000,000) O 180,915 Camulative change in feir value (3,500,000 (4,000,000) O 180,915 Camulative change in feir value (3,500,000 (4,000,000) O 180,915 Camulative change in feir value (3,500,000 (4,000,000) O 180,915 Camulative change in feir value (3,500,000 (4,000,000) O 180,915 Camulative change in feir value (3,500,000 (4,000,000) O 180,915 Camulative change in feir value (3,500,000 (4,000,000) O 180,915 Camulative change in feir value (3,500,000 (4,000,000) O 180,915 Camulative change in feir value (3,500,000 (4,000,000) O 180,915 Camulative change in feir value (3,500,000 (4,000,000) O 180,915 Camulative change in feir value (3,500,000 (4,000,000) O 180,915 Camulative change in feir value (3,500,000 (4,000,000) O 180,915 Camulative change in feir value (3,500,000 (4,000,000) O 180,915 Camulative change in feir value (3,500,000 (4,000,000) O 180,915 Camulative change in feir value (3,500,000 (4,000,000) O 180,915	Reinsures payables	-		•		
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Other liabilities 251,170 1,546,929 - 1,798,099 Total liabilities 13,659,515 4,750,444 - 18,409,959 Reserve to cover deficit (conlingencies provision) 67,299 - - 67,299 Nat policyholder's fund 67,299 - - 67,299 Shareholder's equity - - 67,299 Authorized and pakl in capital 24,000,000 8,000,000 (4,000,000) D 28,000,000 Statutory reserve 845,886 1,284,107 - 2,130,093 Cumulative change in (eir value) (315,312) - (315,312) Retained earnings 2,503,387 215,970 (2,538,442) 0 180,915	•	•	•	-		
Total liabilities 13,659,515 4,750,444 - 18,409,659 Reserve to cover deficit (contingencies provision) 67,299 - 67,299 Nat policyholder's fund 67,299 - 67,299 Shareholder's equity Authorized and paki in capital 24,000,000 8,000,000 (4,000,000) D 28,000,000 Statutory reserve 845,886 1,284,107 - 2,130,093 Cumulative change in feir value (315,312) - (315,312) Relained semings 2,503,387 215,970 (2,538,442) 0 180,915				•		
Reserve to cover deficit (conlingencies provision) 67,299 - 67,299 Nat policyholder's fund 67,299 - 67,299 Shareholder's equity - 24,000,000 8,000,000 (4,000,000) D 28,000,000 Statutory reserve 845,886 1,284,107 - 2,130,093 Cumulative change in (eir value) (315,312) - (315,312) Retained semings 2,503,387 215,970 (2,538,442) 0 180,915	Other liabilities					
Nat policyholder's fund 67,299 - 67,299 Shareholder's equity 24,000,000 8,000,000 (4,000,000) D 28,000,000 Statutory reserve 845,986 1,284,107 - 2,130,093 Cumulative change in feir value (315,312) - - (315,312) Retained earnings 2,503,387 215,970 (2,538,442) 0 180,000	Total liabilities	13,659,515	4,750,444			10,409,959
Shareholder's equity Authorized and pakt in capital 24,000,000 8,000,000 (4,000,000) D 28,000,000 Statutory reserve 845,986 1,284,107 2,130,093 Cumulative change in felr value (315,312) (315,312) (315,312) Retained earnings 2,503,387 215,970 (2,538,442) 0 180,915	Reserve to cover deficit (contingencies provision)					67,299
Authorized and pald in capital 24,000,000 8,000,000 (4,000,000) D 28,000,000 Statutory reserve 845,886 1,284,107 2,130,093 Cumulative change in felr value (315,312) 315,312 (315,312) Relatinged earnings 2,503,387 215,970 (2,538,442) 0 180,915	Net policyholder's fund	67,299	-			67,299
Statutory reserve 845,986 1,284,107 2,130,093 Cumulative change in felir value (315,312) (315,312) Relatings 2,503,387 215,970 (2,538,442) 0 180,915	Shareholder's equity					
Cumulative change in fetr value (315,312) (315,312) (315,312) Relatined earnings 2,503,387 215,970 (2,538,442) 0 180,915	Authorized and paid in capital			(4,000,000)	D	28,000,000
Relained earnings 2,503,387 215,970 (2,538,442) 0 180,915	•		1,284,107	•		2,130,093
Training distings	Cumulative change in left value			45.55		(315,312)
Total shareholder's equity 27,034,081 9,500,077 (6,538,442) 29,995,696	Retained earnings				0	160,915
	Total shareholder's equity			(6,538,442)		
Total policyholder a hand and a handriodast a addity	Total policyholder's fund and shareholder's equity	27,101,360	9,500,077	(6,538,442)		30,062,995
Total flabilities, policyholder's fund and shareholders' equity 40,760,875 14,250,521 (6,538,442) 48,472,954	Total liabilities, policyholder's fund and shareholders' equity	40,760,875	14,250,521	(6,538,442)		48,472,954

- A. Financial assets acquired at fair value through profit or loss were reclassified to financial assets through other comprehensive income to comply with the company's investments' policies.
- B. This amount represents the difference between the book value of Yarmouk insurance Company and the acquisition price of the acquired share.
- C. This amount represents the shares acquisition price:

	30 June
	2015
	JD
Cash flow at the acquisition date:	
Cash acquired from subsidiaries	3,144,070
Consideration paid	(10,038,442)
Net cash paid	(6,894,372)

D. This amount represents adjustments to paid in capital and retained earnings' which resulted from the merger, shown in the consolidated changes in shareholders equity.

(4) DEPOSITS AT BANKS

				> !								
	Deposits maturi	Deposits maturing within one	Deposits maturing After a	furing After a	Deposits maturing after three	ning after three						
	thou	듄	month till three	tree months	months till one year	l one year		Total			Total	
1 æ (Policyholders Shareholders	Shareholders	Policyholders	Shareholders	Palicyhokters	Shareholders	Policyholders	Shareholders	Yotal	Policyholders	Shareholders	Total
Inside Jordan	2,494,844	2,494,844 5,287,868	4	•	•	1,429,890	2,494,844	6.717,758	9,212,602	2,417,116	9,830,565	12,247,681
Outside Jordan		•		•		1,418,000		1,418,000	1,418,000	,		,
Total	2,494,844	5,287,868		•	•	2,847,890	2,494,844	8,135,758	10,630,602	2,417,116	9,830,565	12,247,681

The annual profit rate ranged from 2.5% to 3.5% for Jordanian Dinar deposits whereas the annual profit rate for US Dollar deposits outside Jordan was 3.9%.

(5) FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	31 Decer	mber 2016	31 December 2015		
	Policyholders	Shareholders	Policyholders	Shareholders	
	JD	JD	JD	JD	
Inside Jordan					
Shares quoted in Amman stock exchange	-	1,826,727	-	2,708,554	
Unquoted shares*		1,265,102		1,265,102	
Outside Jordan-					
Quoted shares	-	2,240,595	-	2,234,100	
Unquoted shares**		350,918		350,918	
		5,683,342		6,558,674	

^{*} This item represents financial assets with no publicly traded prices. Fair values were estimated by the Company's management.

(6) FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTIZED COST

	3	1 December 201	16	3	1 December 2015	
	Policyholders	Shareholders	Total	Policyholders	Shareholders	Total
	JD	JD		JD	JD	JD
Outside Jordan	988,000	6,151,478	7,139,478			-
Sukuk	988,000	6,151,478	7,139,478	•	•	•

All Sukuk have been acquired during 2016. The currency for the Sukuk is US Dollar except for the Sukuk purchased and presented in Bahraini Dinar.

- Sukuk earn an annual fixed profit rate that range from 2.84% to 6.75% which are accrued on a semi annual basis up to the date of the maturity of the Sukuk. The maturity date for the Sukuk range from 2 years to 28 years.
- During 2016, the Group recognized JD 106,697 as return on Sukuk.

^{**} This item represents the Company's investment in the capital of Joman Village LLC by 2.35%. The company was established in accordance with Cayman Island's laws. The main objective of that company is to build and sell residential units in the kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

(7) INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

D		Lands	Buildings	Total
Cost-Balance at 1 January 2016 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785 Released - (13,016) (13,016) Additions 282,524 8,254 291,778 Transfers (595,333) (933,542) (1,528,875) Balance at 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,935,884 7,017,672 Accumulated Depreciation-Balance at 1 January 2016 - 261,475 261,475 Additions - 87,147 87,147 Released - (13,016) (13,016) Transfers - 242,346 242,346 Balance at 31 December 2016 - 93,262 93,262 Net book value 31 December 2016 - 93,262 93,262 Net book value 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,776,288 3,701,246 Beginning balance for the merged company (note 3) 4,160,139 1,286,153 5,446,292 Additions - 11,747 11,747 11,747 11,747 11,747 11,747 11,747 11,747 11,747 11,747 <t< td=""><td></td><td>JD</td><td>JD</td><td>JD</td></t<>		JD	JD	JD
Balance at 1 January 2016 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785 Released - (13,016) (13,016) Additions 282,524 8,254 291,778 Transfers (595,333) (933,542) (1,528,875) Balance at 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,935,884 7,017,672 Accumulated Depreciation-Balance at 1 January 2016 - 261,475 261,475 Additions - 87,147 87,147 Released - (13,016) (13,016) Transfers - 242,346 242,346 Balance at 31 December 2016 - 93,262 93,262 Net book value 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,842,622 6,924,410 2015 - Balance at 1 January 2015 1,924,958 1,776,288 3,701,246 Beginning balance for the merged company (note 3) 4,160,139 1,286,153 5,446,292 Additions - 11,747 11,747 11,747 Transfers resulting from the merger (691,500) <	2016 -			
Released - (13,016) (13,016) Additions 282,524 8,254 291,778 Transfers (595,333) (933,542) (1,528,875) Balance at 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,935,884 7,017,672 Accumulated Depreciation-Balance at 1 January 2016 - 261,475 261,475 Additions - 87,147 87,147 Released - (13,016) (13,016) Transfers - (13,016) (13,016) Transfers - 242,346 242,346 Balance at 31 December 2016 - 93,262 93,262 Net book value 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,842,622 6,924,410 2015 - Cost- 5,081,788 1,776,288 3,701,246 Beginning balance for the merged company (note 3) 4,160,139 1,286,153 5,446,292 Additions - 11,747 11,747 Transfers resulting from the merger (691,500) (200,000) (891,500) Balance at 31 December 2015	Cost-			
Additions 282,524 8,254 291,778 Transfers (595,333) (933,542) (1,528,875) Balance at 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,935,884 7,017,672 Accumulated Depreciation-Balance at 1 January 2016 - 261,475 261,475 Additions - 87,147 87,147 Released - (13,016) (13,016) Transfers - 242,346 242,346 Balance at 31 December 2016 - 93,262 93,262 Net book value 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,842,622 6,924,410 2015 - Cost- 8 1,842,622 6,924,410 2015 - Cost- 8 1,776,288 3,701,246 Beginning balance for the merged company (note 3) 4,160,139 1,286,153 5,446,292 Additions - 11,747 11,747 Transfers resulting from the merger (691,500) (200,000) (891,500) Balance at 31 December 2015 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785	Balance at 1 January 2016	5,393,597	2,874,188	8,267,785
Transfers (595,333) (933,542) (1,528,875) Balance at 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,935,884 7,017,672 Accumulated Depreciation-Balance at 1 January 2016 - 261,475 261,475 Additions - 87,147 87,147 Released - (13,016) (13,016) Transfers - 242,346 242,346 Balance at 31 December 2016 - 93,262 93,262 Net book value 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,842,622 6,924,410 2015 - Cost- 5,081,788 1,776,288 3,701,246 Beginning balance for the merged company (note 3) 4,160,139 1,286,153 5,446,292 Additions - 11,747 11,747 Transfers resulting from the merger (691,500) (200,000) (891,500) Balance at 31 December 2015 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785 Accumulated Depreciation-Balance at 1 January 2015 - 185,839 185,839 Charge for the year - 75,636 75,636 </td <td>Released</td> <td>-</td> <td>(13,016)</td> <td>(13,016)</td>	Released	-	(13,016)	(13,016)
Balance at 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,935,884 7,017,672 Accumulated Depreciation-Balance at 1 January 2016 - 261,475 261,475 Addillons - 87,147 87,147 Released - (13,016) (13,016) Transfers - 242,346 242,346 Balance at 31 December 2016 - 93,262 93,262 Net book value 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,842,622 6,924,410 2015 - Cost- - 242,346 242,346 Beginning balance for the merged company (note 3) 1,924,958 1,776,288 3,701,246 Beginning balance for the merged company (note 3) 4,160,139 1,286,153 5,446,292 Additions - 11,747 11,747 Transfers resulting from the merger (691,500) (200,000) (891,500) Balance at 31 December 2015 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785 Accumulated Depreciation- - 185,639 75,636 75,636 Balance at 31 December 2015 -	Additions	282,524	8,254	291,778
Accumulated Depreciation- Balance at 1 January 2016 - 261,475 261,475 Additions - 87,147 87,147 Released - (13,016) (13,016) Transfers - 242,346 242,346 Balance at 31 December 2016 - 93,262 93,262 Net book value 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,842,622 6,924,410 2015 - Cost- Balance at 1 January 2015 1,924,958 1,776,288 3,701,246 Beginning balance for the merged company (note 3) 4,160,139 1,286,153 5,446,292 Additions - 11,747 11,747 Transfers resulting from the merger (691,500) (200,000) (891,500) Balance at 31 December 2015 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785 Accumulated Depreciation- Balance at 1 January 2015 - 185,839 185,839 Charge for the year - 75,636 75,636 Balance at 31 December 2015 - 261,475 261,475	Transfers	(595,333)	(933,542)	(1,528,875)
Balance at 1 January 2016 - 261,475 261,475 Additions - 87,147 87,147 Released - (13,016) (13,016) Transfers - 242,346 242,346 Balance at 31 December 2016 - 93,262 93,262 Net book value 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,842,622 6,924,410 2015 - Cost- - 1,924,958 1,776,288 3,701,246 Beginning balance for the merged company (note 3) 4,160,139 1,286,153 5,446,292 Additions - 11,747 11,747 Transfers resulting from the merger (691,500) (200,000) (891,500) Balance at 31 December 2015 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785 Accumulated Depreciation- Balance at 1 January 2015 - 185,839 185,839 Charge for the year - 75,636 75,636 Balance at 31 December 2015 - 261,475 261,475	Balance at 31 December 2016	5,081,788	1,935,884	7,017,672
Additions - 87,147 87,147 Released - (13,016) (13,016) Transfers - 242,346 242,346 Balance at 31 December 2016 - 93,262 93,262 Net book value 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,842,622 6,924,410 2015 - Cost- Balance at 1 January 2015 1,924,958 1,776,288 3,701,246 Beginning balance for the merged company (note 3) 4,160,139 1,286,153 5,446,292 Additions - 11,747 11,747 Transfers resulting from the merger (691,500) (200,000) (891,500) Balance at 31 December 2015 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785 Accumulated Depreciation- Balance at 1 January 2015 - 185,839 185,839 Charge for the year - 75,636 75,636 Balance at 31 December 2015 - 261,475 261,475	Accumulated Depreciation-			
Released - (13,016) (13,016) Transfers - 242,346 242,346 Balance at 31 December 2016 - 93,262 93,262 Net book value 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,842,622 6,924,410 2015 - Cost- - - 1,776,288 3,701,246 Beginning balance at 1 January 2015 1,924,958 1,776,288 3,701,246 Beginning balance for the merged company (note 3) 4,160,139 1,286,153 5,446,292 Additions - 11,747 11,747 11,747 Transfers resulting from the merger (691,500) (200,000) (891,500) Balance at 31 December 2015 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785 Accumulated Depreciation- Balance at 1 January 2015 - 185,839 185,839 Charge for the year - 75,636 75,636 Balance at 31 December 2015 - 261,475 261,475	Balance at 1 January 2016	-	261,475	261,475
Transfers - 242,346 242,346 Balance at 31 December 2016 - 93,262 93,262 Net book value 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,842,622 6,924,410 2015 - Cost- Balance at 1 January 2015 1,924,958 1,776,288 3,701,246 Beginning balance for the merged company (note 3) 4,160,139 1,286,153 5,446,292 Additions - 11,747 11,747 11,747 Transfers resulting from the merger (691,500) (200,000) (891,500) Balance at 31 December 2015 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785 Accumulated Depreciation- Balance at 1 January 2015 - 185,839 185,839 Charge for the year - 75,636 75,636 Balance at 31 December 2015 - 261,475 261,475	Additions	-	87,147	87,147
Balance at 31 December 2016 - 93,262 93,262 Net book value 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,842,622 6,924,410 2015 - Cost-Balance at 1 January 2015 1,924,958 1,776,288 3,701,246 Beginning balance for the merged company (note 3) 4,160,139 1,286,153 5,446,292 Additions - 11,747 11,747 Transfers resulting from the merger (691,500) (200,000) (891,500) Balance at 31 December 2015 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785 Accumulated Depreciation-Balance at 1 January 2015 - 185,839 185,839 Charge for the year - 75,636 75,636 Balance at 31 December 2015 - 261,475 261,475	Released	-	(13,016)	(13,016)
Net book value 31 December 2016 5,081,788 1,842,622 6,924,410 2015 - Cost- Balance at 1 January 2015 1,924,958 1,776,288 3,701,246 Beginning balance for the merged company (note 3) 4,160,139 1,286,153 5,446,292 Additions - 11,747 11,747 Transfers resulting from the merger (691,500) (200,000) (891,500) Balance at 31 December 2015 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785 Accumulated Depreciation- Balance at 1 January 2015 - 185,839 185,839 Charge for the year - 75,636 75,636 Balance at 31 December 2015 - 261,475 261,475	Transfers		242,346	242,346
2015 - Cost- Balance at 1 January 2015	Balance at 31 December 2016	-	93,262	93,262
Cost-Balance at 1 January 2015 1,924,958 1,776,288 3,701,246 BegInning balance for the merged company (note 3) 4,160,139 1,286,153 5,446,292 Additions - 11,747 11,747 Transfers resulting from the merger (691,500) (200,000) (891,500) Balance at 31 December 2015 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785 Accumulated Depreciation-Balance at 1 January 2015 - 185,839 185,839 Charge for the year - 75,636 75,636 Balance at 31 December 2015 - 261,475 261,475	Net book value 31 December 2016	5,081,788	1,842,622	6,924,410
Balance at 1 January 2015 1,924,958 1,776,288 3,701,246 Beginning balance for the merged company (note 3) 4,160,139 1,286,153 5,446,292 Additions - 11,747 11,747 Transfers resulting from the merger (691,500) (200,000) (891,500) Balance at 31 December 2015 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785 Accumulated Depreciation- - 185,839 185,839 Charge for the year - 75,636 75,636 Balance at 31 December 2015 - 261,475 261,475	2015 -			
Beginning balance for the merged company (note 3) 4,160,139 1,286,153 5,446,292 Additions - 11,747 11,747 Transfers resulting from the merger (691,500) (200,000) (891,500) Balance at 31 December 2015 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785 Accumulated Depreciation-Balance at 1 January 2015 - 185,839 185,839 Charge for the year - 75,636 75,636 Balance at 31 December 2015 - 261,475 261,475	Cost-			
Additions - 11,747 11,747 Transfers resulting from the merger (691,500) (200,000) (891,500) Balance at 31 December 2015 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785 Accumulated Depreciation- Balance at 1 January 2015 - 185,839 185,839 Charge for the year - 75,636 75,636 Balance at 31 December 2015 - 261,475 261,475	Balance at 1 January 2015	1,924,958	1,776,288	3,701,246
Transfers resulting from the merger (691,500) (200,000) (891,500) Balance at 31 December 2015 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785 Accumulated Depreciation- Balance at 1 January 2015 - 185,839 185,839 Charge for the year - 75,636 75,636 Balance at 31 December 2015 - 261,475 261,475	Beginning balance for the merged company (note 3)	4,160,139	1,286,153	5,446,292
Balance at 31 December 2015 5,393,597 2,874,188 8,267,785 Accumulated Depreciation-Balance at 1 January 2015 - 185,839 185,839 Charge for the year - 75,636 75,636 Balance at 31 December 2015 - 261,475 261,475	Additions	-	11,747	11,747
Accumulated Depreciation- Balance at 1 January 2015 - 185,839 185,839 Charge for the year - 75,636 75,636 Balance at 31 December 2015 - 261,475 261,475	Transfers resulting from the merger	(691,500)	(200,000)	(891,500)
Balance at 1 January 2015 - 185,839 185,839 Charge for the year - 75,636 75,636 Balance at 31 December 2015 - 261,475 261,475	Balance at 31 December 2015	5,393,597	2,874,188	8,267,785
Balance at 1 January 2015 - 185,839 185,839 Charge for the year - 75,636 75,636 Balance at 31 December 2015 - 261,475 261,475	Accumulated Depreciation-			
Balance at 31 December 2015 - 261,475 261,475	Balance at 1 January 2015	-	185,839	185,839
	Charge for the year	-	75,636	75,636
	Balance at 31 December 2015	-	261,475	261,475
	Net book value 31 December 2015	5,393,597		8,006,310

As at 31 August 2015, the investment properties fair value was valued by real estate experts at an amount of JD 7,264,335 in accordance with the regulations and instructions by the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply –Insurance Administration.

^{*} Buildings include an amount of JD 855,000 owned by policyholders intended for investment in rental activities.

(8) CASH ON HAND AND AT BANKS

	31 December 2016			31 December 2015			
	Policyholders	Shareholders	Total	Policyholders	Shareholders	Total	
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	
Cash on hand	34,340	84,263	118,603	18,855	184,279	203,134	
Current accounts	4,608,505	386,595	4995,100	3,602,745	3,121,428	6,724,173	
	4,642,845	470,858	5,113,703	3,621,600	3,305,707	6,927,307	

(9) CHEQUES UNDER COLLECTION

	31 December 2016			31 December 2015			
	Policyholders	Shareholders	Total	Policyholders JD	Shareholders JD	TotalJD	
	JD	JD	JD				
Cheques under							
collection*	1,811,037	71,856	1,882,893	829,231	458,842	1,288,073	

^{*} Cheques under collection maturity extend to March 2018.

(10) ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

	31 December 2016	31 December 2015
	JD	JD
Policyholders' receivable	12,072,658	8,084,021
Policles' receivable due to the merger	327,653	2,562,607
Agents' receivable	-	11,708
Brokers' receivable	5,907	75,490
Employees' receivable	14,458	8,788
Shareholders' receivable	121,705	80,901
Other	184,074	72,412
Total	12,726,455	10,895,927
Allowance for doubtful debts*	(619,630)	(509,630)
Accounts receivable, net	12,106,825	10,386,297

* The movement on the allowance for doubtful debts is as follows:

•	31 December 2016	31 December 2015	
	JD	JD	
Balance at the beginning of the year	509,630	210,000	
Opening balance for the merged company (note 3)	-	145,794	
Additions	110,000	155,000	
Written off		(1,164)	
Balance at year end	619,630	509,630	

The table below shows the ageing of unimpaired receivables:

		Past due but not impaired				
	Neither past					
	due nor	1-90	91-180	181-360	More	
	impaired	days	days	days	361 days	Total
	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD	JD
2016 -						
Policyholders' receivable	7,746,422	1,941,278	1,396,902	571,893	•	11,656,495
Policies' receivables due to the merger	-	71,685	15,436	18,906	19,421	125,448
Agents' receivables	-	•	•	-	-	-
Brokers' receivable	-	5,471	•	•	•	5,471
Employees' receivable	14,458	•	-	-	-	14,458
Shareholders' recelvable	-	72,041	19,239	6,000	24,425	121,705
Other receivables	81,481	87,465	152	14,150		183,248
	7,842,361	2,177,940	1,431,729	610,949	43,846	12,106,825
2015 -						
Policyholders receivable	3,800,548	1,672,738	1,883,111	413,551	•	7,769,948
Policies receivables due to the merger	1,551,084	590,553	99,315	127,025	-	2,367,977
Agents' receivables	-	1,780	8,136	1,792	•	11,708
Brokers' receivable	-	18,088	35,890	21,200	•	75,178
Employees' receivable	•	5,781	49	2,958	•	8,788
Shareholders receivable	•	66,952	•	13,949	-	80,901
Other receivables		32,209	7,949	31,639		71,797
	5,351,632	2,388,101	2,034,450	612,114	•	10,386,297